

I'm not a bot



## Books about helping bossy kids to be nic

Joy Berry is well-known in education circles for her innovative approach to teaching children. As the author of over 250 books, which have sold more than 85 million copies worldwide, she has established herself as a leading expert in child development and education. Berry's philosophy is centered around empowering kids by giving them control over their lives and encouraging them to make responsible decisions from an early age. Throughout her career, Berry has held various roles including teacher, administrator, childcare provider, recreation director, and camp leader. She began her public school career teaching grades 2 through 5 and supplemented her income by running after-school and summer programs. However, she eventually left the public education system due to frustrations with bureaucracy and politics. Instead, Berry went on to create highly acclaimed preschools and daycare centers in Southern California. Her success led her to realize that traditional education often neglects important life skills necessary for children's development. She advocates for parents to encourage their children to make choices and decisions as early as possible, aiming for them to be 100% responsible by age 12. Berry's approach has made her a prominent figure in the juvenile product market, with one of the most extensive product lines globally. She frequently appears on national television shows, is featured in major magazines and newspapers, and speaks at various educational and parenting conferences worldwide. Holding both teaching and administrative credentials, as well as advanced degrees in Human Development and Education, Berry remains a respected authority in her field. This book selection is perfect for students who know how to get things done and do it right! "Do It!" by A. Hofmann is a great way to talk about flexibility. Another favorite is "Rules Of The Playground" by J. Kuefler, which is excellent for discussing bossiness, inclusion, social skills, and leadership qualities. To use these books effectively, you might need to provide some background knowledge teaching and scaffolding, as some of the metaphors and symbolism may be challenging for younger students. You can also consider using follow-up videos like "Bossy Frog" or "A Very Bossy Sister Bear" to engage your students. In practical terms, you can have students act out giving directions in a bossy or non-bossy way. This can help them develop social skills and understand the importance of being assertive without being domineering. When it comes to addressing bossiness in children, it's essential to consider how we label their behavior. As Facebook COO Sheryl Sandberg notes, words like "bossy" can send a negative message that asking for what you want is selfish or wrong. This can affect our children's self-esteem and confidence. Teaching kids the delicate balance between being assertive and bossy can be tricky, especially when trying to encourage them to express themselves without coming across as domineering. When asking parents about their goals for their children, it's rare for anyone to say they want mindless obedience. So, how do we strike this balance? Helping kids state their feelings in a polite and courteous manner can make all the difference. One key thing to consider is understanding the distinction between 'assertive' and 'bossy.' While many people use these words interchangeably, there's a subtle yet significant difference. Assertiveness is about having confidence and showing personality, whereas being bossy implies giving orders or being domineering. For instance, if your child says "No! Don't touch my stuff!" it might be better to encourage them to express their thoughts without using an unflattering tone. Teaching kids the value of assertive communication can take time, but it's essential for helping them consider other people's feelings and perspectives while still stating their own. This requires modeling good behavior ourselves, as our actions often have a stronger impact on our children than what we say. By being aware of this balance, parents can teach their kids to be confident without being bossy, making life easier for everyone involved. The key is to model the behavior you want your child to exhibit and help them understand that there's a difference between assertiveness and bossiness. You know what she knows - that feet don't belong on the coffee table! One day, you walk in and find your friend lounging on the couch with her toes tapping away... What do you say? How do you react? Now imagine walking into a scene where your kids are chillin' on the sofa with their feet up. If you're like me, the response will be different. With friends, I'm more likely to be calm and reasonable, explaining my concerns without being too harsh. But when it comes to our little ones, we often take a harder tone. Why not show them the same understanding? Treat your kids like they're your best friend and see how things change. This morning, I had a chat with my daughter about treating her sister with kindness. I didn't scold or tell her what to do; instead, I asked her to think about her sister's feelings when making requests. It wasn't perfect, but it was a good start. The key is to demonstrate assertive behavior without coming across as bossy. The difference between being bossy and assertive is tricky even for grown-ups. So how do we teach our kids? Instead of explaining concepts, show them through practice! For example: \* Practice makes perfect: Take turns having your kids pretend to be on the phone with their best friend or favorite star. Make it more realistic by actually calling someone they know. \* Role-playing: Reinforce good manners and courtesy by acting out scenarios like having tea with a famous guest (Dorothy the Dinosaur, Paddington, or Justin Bieber?). Let me know if you want me to make any changes! You can recreate scenarios where children practice good behavior, like interrupting to understand what it's like. Role-play what good behavior looks like and ask if they'd like to be spoken to in a certain way. The Interrupt Rule is helpful as it lets kids know you've heard them without interrupting. It's respectful to both parties. When your child needs attention while you're conversing, they can come up to you and put their hand on your arm. You cover their hand with yours, showing they have your attention. When appropriate, ask what they need. This rule is simple enough for young children to learn and effective in teaching them good manners. Play it again, Sam is something I use at home when I don't like what I hear. I ask the child to restate their intentions in a different way. When speaking with my daughter, I asked her how she likes people to speak to her. I told her that how she behaves teaches others how they should treat her. If she's kind, she's teaching people to be kind to her too. Teaching kids good manners can be a challenge, especially when they're spirited. But it's essential to remember that your child will grow and change over time, so focus on encouraging positive behavior. Encourage them to express themselves, strive for improvement, and learn to negotiate respectfully. Take some time to reflect on how you interact with your family. Do you model good manners yourself? How do you treat your kids when they exhibit similar behavior as their friends? Your kids will pick up these values, so it's crucial to demonstrate assertive yet respectful behavior. The "interrupt rule" can be a helpful tool in teaching children about respect and courtesy. Try role-playing the rule with your kids and see how it works for you. You can also make manners more engaging by dedicating a month to improving them - read books, sing songs, and come up with fun ways to practice good manners together. Remember, you want your child to grow into an independent and self-reliant adult, not mindlessly compliant. Treating your children like friends will help them develop these qualities. Joy Berry, a renowned author in the juvenile publishing industry, has written over 200 books that teach kids essential skills for all ages. Her work has had a significant impact worldwide, with sales exceeding 85 million copies recently. Joy founded Kids for Global Peace, an organization affiliated with Amnesty International and the United Nations, to educate children about their human rights, as outlined in The Convention on the Rights of the Child. Her approach emphasizes teaching kids how to think rather than what to think. Growing up in a conservative community that emphasized conformity over critical thinking, Joy's vow was to find a way to empower kids with more control over their lives. Her background is rooted in her experiences as a parent and grandparent, which complemented her formal education in Education and Human Development. Despite finding existing materials for teaching Living Skills were scarce, she developed self-help resources tailored directly to children. Joy's expertise in this area has been recognized by prominent organizations such as the American Federation of Teachers, National Education Association, American Library Association, and National Parent Teacher Association.