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If you are worried about exploring different types of sentences, you may be relieved to hear that there are only four main types of suggestions that you should know about. Also, once you know the rules behind them, they are pretty easy to distinguish from each other. This guide gives you all the information you need on 4 types of suggestions, along with lots of examples and quizzes for you to test your knowledge. 4 Types of sentences There are four types of sentences: declarative, imperative, interrogated and exclamation point. We go through each of the different types of sentences in this section, explaining what the purpose of the type of sentence is, how to use it, and what examples of it look like. Declarative sentences are the most common of the four types of sentences. They are used when you want to make a statement (which may be a fact or an opinion). These proposals end in a period. Many parts of the letter contain numerous declarative sentences in a row (or make up almost entirely declarative sentences) because they are the best type of sentence for presenting history in a clear and understandable manner. Examples: Ella was late for the dance. The population of songbirds has declined dramatically over the past decade. I'd rather have vanilla ice cream than chocolate ice cream. Jane Austen was born on December 16, 1775. Imperative offer Imperative offers give command or instruction. They can range from a single verb to a much longer sentence, and they usually end in a period. However, imperative sentences can sometimes end with an exclamation point if the order is given with great feeling. As long as the sentence is a team, it is an imperative proposal, not an exclamation point (see below), even if it ends with an exclamation point. Examples: Shut the door! Don't eat the cake until it's cold. Please give me the sauce. Be there by 3:00. The sentencing all the sentences questioned ask the question and therefore end with a question mark (which makes them easy to identify!). This type of sentence often starts with words like doing how who is where when and why. The question may be yes/no question or one that is more open ended. Examples: Are you still hungry? Why do you think Arthur's mad at me? Taylor didn't remember to let the dog out? Was Abraham Lincoln the 16th president? Exclamation suggestions are used to express particularly strong emotions such as anger, happiness, disbelief, etc. if a sentence gives a command and ends with an exclamation point, it is an imperative, not an exclamation point. This type of sentence is rarely used in professional writing (e.g. newspapers or scientific journals) where so that the author remains objective and sticks to facts rather than emotions. However, however, Other types of writing, exclamation points can be an effective way to show emotions in writing and/or evoke strong emotions in your readers. They can help readers understand when a character feels particularly strongly about something, or when something comes as a surprise in a story. Examples: I can't believe we lost! My sister just won the lottery! Happy birthday! This man just robbed a bank! 4 Types of Suggestions quiz Ready to test your knowledge of four types of offers? Then try our quiz! Decide which sentence is the type of each of the ten sentences below and then check your answers for the answer key under the quiz. How was the school today? I'm so worried about this science test. Fireworks lasted more than an hour! I told you to sit down. Agnes won the spelling bee! Switch to page 152 in your tutorial. Wait for me! Kangaroos can't jump back. Do I need to water pink plants often? Please give me the smallest scalpel. ANSWER KEY Interrogation Declarative exclamation point imperative imperative imperative to question the Imperative Subscribe to the BuzzFeed quiz newsletter - booze on the latest quizzes delivered straight to your inbox with a quiz newsletter! Money can't buy happiness. You can't be rich enough, thin enough, or young enough. Money can't buy love. Money answers all the questions. Money is the root of all evil. Money itself sets the world in motion. Time is money. Money says meaning. The money. It is the biggest source of national schizophrenia. It is almost a national religion: we, after all, enter into a God we trust on our currency. It is certainly a national obsession. Take away the sports page. Statistics are not about the number of thefts, but the number of transactions. The entertainment section doesn't look at movies; it lists gross fees on the opening day. A new bestseller? How big was the advance? Policy? Who bought what gender and for how much? At the same time, I don't know of a soul whose head is screwed right about money. Try asking someone in a social setting. Tell me what your salary is?, and all you get is a silent look. People either earn too much that marks them as greedy, petty bastards. Or they do too little, and they stew in silence, noting that poverty should inject some nobility, desperately hoping that a little nobility will translate into a pile of cash. I say it's time to get it all out in the open. Take a spy quiz and find out how you feel about money:1. Follow the following sentence. Follow your bliss and? money will follow, there will be a nervous breakdown, there will be an eviction notice, the following of your friends will receive all stock options. 2. On Someone starts talking about the obscene amount of money a mutual friend earns. That's about half of what you do. You Are You Change the subject of old taboos such as religion, politics, sex or race. Change the topic of new taboos like? Well, there's no money but money. Admit that you are doing twice as much and promise to join the 12-step program. Admit that you are doing twice as much and light up a big fat stogie. 3. The classic story of King Midas teaches us what? : money is the root of all evil. hugging people is not a good idea. stocks and bonds are better investments than precious metals. Jack Kemp is right! The U.S. must return to the gold standard. 4. Who do you admire the most? Michael Milken Mother Teresa Michael Milken's mother, Teresa Mark each of these statements T for true or F for false. Anything worth being well paid is worth doing. Instead of checking, my mortgage company happily accepts the fact that I am constantly learning and growing in my work. On Career Day at my kids' school I was usually introduced as a really rich dude who screws people up for big bucks. Money can't buy happiness, but it allows for long-term rentals. I never balance my checkbook. I don't have a checkbook. I have someone who balances my checkbook for me. It is better to light a candle than to curse the darkness - especially if you have a monopoly candle. Bonus question: For a school project, your 10-year-old daughter asks you what you would like on your tombstone. You say, I did it my way. I did it my way. Someone else did it. No one ever bet, I wish I had spent more time in the office on their tombstone. I wish I could spend more time in the office. Rating: 1 point for each a, 2 points for each b, 3 points for each c, 4 points for each d, 0 for each e. T or F: 1 point for each T, 2 points for each F.0-7. Your attitude to money can be considered ambivalent at best. You soar for a long time, but know that you miss out on health insurance (plus dental insurance).8-15. Your attitude to money is uncertain. You continue nightmares about wrapping up as a waiter in a place where all your old colleagues have lunch.15-22. Your feelings about money are best compared to Hamlet's feelings about human existence. You like money, and you wouldn't want to do it. Worse, you'd like to think about money, dream about money, and talk about money - and still wish you hadn't. You want Reagan to still be president. Like the rest of us, when it comes to money, what you want is impossible. Spy is a poor but wealthy writer living in the Pacific Northwest. 1. I haven't seen her in ages. -- Kew was 15 years ago. Time is properly wrong In this case for the ages indicates a long time has passed since you have seen someone demanding the present ideal. Last Time points to a certain time in the past and requires a simple past. 13. told us to wait here. What a director it was to wait here. who is right wrong 'take care of' is phrasal verb, which should always stay together. 14. Can you look after the children this afternoon? Can you and the kids have an afternoon? it is right to feel that someone has to do something is a form of giving advice. Use the modal verb 'should' to give advice. 16. He behaves like a poor man, even if he has a lot of money. He's acting like a poor man, he's got a lot of money. The fact of properly doing something on purpose means doing something with intent. In other words, I plan to do something if I do it on purpose. Sentence templates can be understood as a way of structured sentences. It is important to learn the most common model sentences in English, since most sentences you hear, write and speak will follow these basic models. Sentence pattern #1: Noun / VerbThe most basic noun sentence pattern followed by verb. It's important to remember that this sentence pattern only uses verbs that don't require objects. People work. Frank eats. Things happen. This basic sentence pattern can be changed by adding a noun phrase, an attraction adjective, and other elements. This is true for all sentence templates that follow. People work. Our employees work. Frank eats. My dog Frank eats. Things happen. --gt. crazy things happen. Sentence template #2: Noun/Verb/NounThe following sentence template is based on the first template and is used with nouns that can accept objects. John plays softball. Boys watch TV. She works at a bank. Sentence patterns #3: Noun/Verb/AdverbThe following sentence template is based on the first pattern, using the adverb to describe how the action is done. Thomas drives fast. Anna doesn't sleep deeply. He does his homework carefully. Sentence pattern #4: Noun / Link to verb / NounThis sentence pattern uses verb binding to link one noun with another. Binding verbs are also known as equating verbs - verbs that equate one to the other, such as being, becoming, it seems, etc. Jack is a student. This seed will become an apple. France is a country. Sentence template #5: The noun/binding verb/AdjectiveThis sentence pattern is similar to the sentence pattern #4, but uses binding verbs to link one noun to its description, which is supplied by the adjective. My computer is slow! Her parents seem unhappy. English seems easy. Sentence template #6: Noun/verb/noun/noun pattern #6 is used with verbs that accept both direct and indirect objects. I bought Katherine a present. Jennifer Peter has his car. The teacher explained peter's homework. There are a number of common sentence templates used to write most sentences in English. The basic sentence templates presented in this guide to sentence templates will help you understand the underlying pattern, even in the most complex English sentences. Check out this quiz to test your understanding of sentence patterns and speech parts. Speech. 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