

# Instructions for Testing

## Important Note:

SeekInCare<sup>™</sup> should be used as a screening tool, not a test for diagnosis and/or for predicting future cancer risk. Your "low cancer risk" results don't guarantee you will never get cancer.

### Who should take this test?

The SeekInCare<sup>™</sup> test is indicated for the following populations:

- Adults aged 50 or older;
- Have a family history of cancer;
- Persistent unexplained symptoms;
- Chronic inflammatory diseases;
- Long-term exposure to carcinogenic environments;
- Unhealthy lifestyle.

### Understanding your results:

■ High cancer Risk: The test detected possible cancer signals, but **it does not imply a cancer diagnosis.** The result must be confirmed by qualified professionals following clinical standardized diagnostic procedures. Diagnostic decisions are the responsibility of the treating physician.

■ Medium Cancer Risk: The test found weak abnormal signals, which cannot be directly identified as a tumor signal. It is recommended to re-do SeekInCare<sup>TM</sup> one month later to confirm it.

■ Low Cancer Risk: No cancer signal was detected, which cannot exclude the possibility that cancer is present or will occur in the future. If necessary, the person with "Low Cancer Risk" is advised to follow standard clinical procedures for cancer detection.

### Important reminders:

■ Blood sample collection, transportation, storage, and non-standard processing may impact the performance of SeekInCare<sup>TM</sup>.

■ False-positive possible: A "High Cancer Risk" result may occur even if no cancer is found later. This could mean:

- The cancer is very small or hard to detect.
- The test result is a false-positive (a cancer signal detected when cancer is not present).
- Only your doctor can diagnose cancer never rely on this test alone.

### Questions?

Contact your doctor or our support team: info@seekincancer.com