

Super English

Level 4 - Unit 1
Camping - Lesson 4





Vocabulary

Camping - Vocabulary



gather: to bring things or people together;
collect (verb)



She **gathered** the leaves with a rake.
The people **gathered** together for a picture.

Camping - Vocabulary



equipment: the things needed to do an activity or work (noun)



Matt got his **equipment** ready to go fishing.

Camping - Vocabulary



Valley: an area of low land between hills or mountains (noun)



Amanda lives in a **valley** between the mountains..

Camping - Vocabulary



spread: to make something go out over a bigger area (verb)



She **spread** the butter on the bread.
The goose **spread** its wings to fly.



Let's
Read!



Fishing Contest



The kids at summer camp woke up early and **gathered** outside. Today they are having a fishing contest to see who can catch the biggest fish. They packed their fishing **equipment** and hiked to the lake in the **valley**. They couldn't wait to start fishing.

Fishing Contest



The campers spread out around the lake and looked for a good fishing spot. Some kids fished in small groups. Others wanted to fish by themselves.

Fishing Contest



Some kids got bored waiting for the fish to bite. Others waited patiently. But eventually, the fish started biting, and the kids were thrilled. Some of them caught huge fish, while others caught small ones.

Fishing Contest



Andy broke his fishing pole while catching a fish. Rachel caught a strange fish with orange spots. Jake caught a fish with big teeth. So he dropped his pole and ran away! A few boys even sat on a huge fish! The fish didn't seem to care.

Fishing Contest



It was a great day of fishing for all the kids. In the end, Amy won the fishing contest by catching the biggest fish. That night everyone sat around campfires and told stories about their fishing adventures.

Let's do Grammar!

GRAMMAR

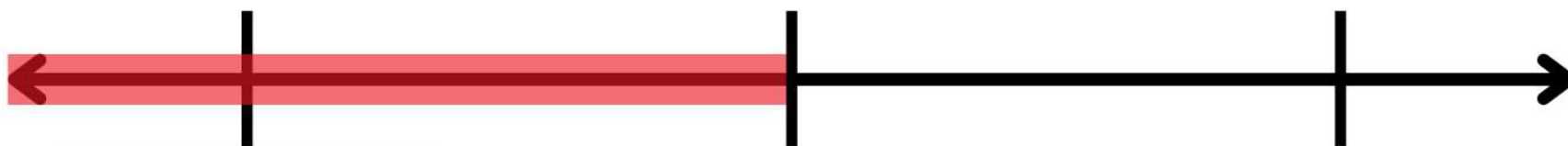


Simple Past Tense Verbs

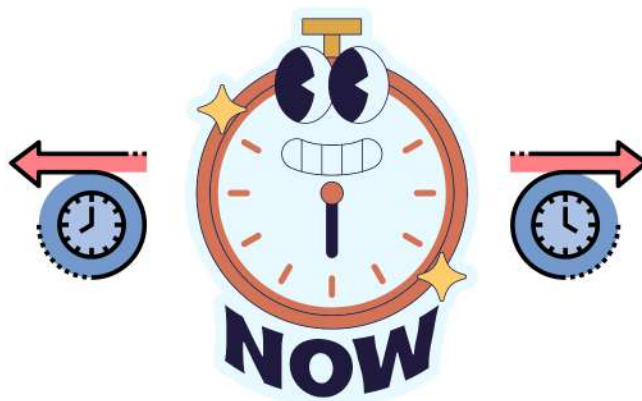
We use **past** simple for things that have already happened.

past (before now)

future (after now)



this morning
last night
yesterday
2 days ago
last week



tonight
tomorrow
in two days
next week
next year

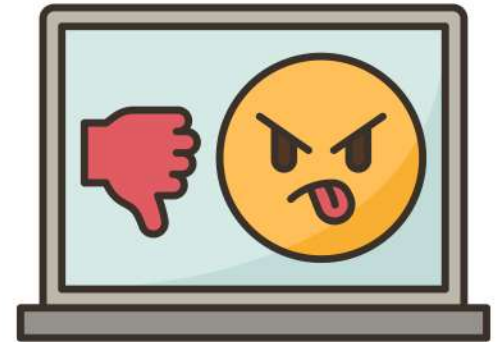
Simple Past Tense Verbs

If a verb ends in a /t/ or /d/ sound, then the **-ed** sounds like /id/

voted
wanted
invented
ended
needed
wasted



tasted



hated

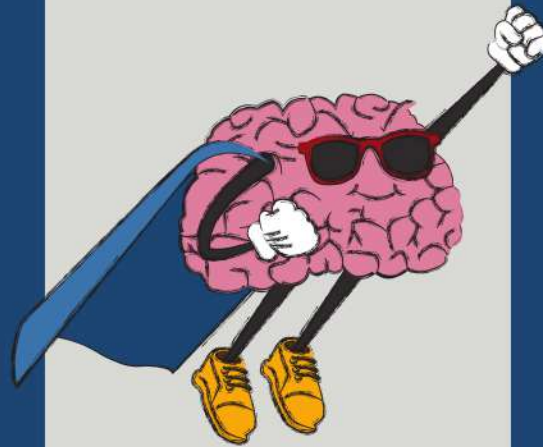


Phonics

Phonics

The letters "**ch**" and "**tch**" make the same sound at the end of a word.

porch
ranch
couch
speech
much
rich
sandwich



switch
sketch
clutch
stitch
snatch
twitch
thatch



Super English

See you
Next time!

