



**PARLIAMENTARIANS  
FOR PEACE**

**2021**

**PEACE**

**POLICY PLATFORM**

Curated by the Open Diplomacy Institute  
Powered by the Normandy for Peace Initiative





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**Hervé Morin**  
President of the  
Normandy Region

I am delighted that, for the second year, the Open Diplomacy Institute and the Normandy Region have been able to continue the Parliamentarians for Peace program as part of the Normandy for Peace initiative. The 2021 Peace Policy Platform concludes a year of work impacted by the Covid-19 pandemic, which has put the health and resilience of our societies back at the heart of the considerations of decision-makers around the world.

It is in this very particular context that fifteen parliamentarians from all continents have worked together to identify and promote solutions to four major challenges that the contemporary world is facing: the prevention of future health crises, the emergence of environmental crises, the persistence of inequalities and the concerns that new technologies raise. Their work highlights the great challenges posed by these issues, particularly because of the frailty of international institutions and, more broadly, of global governance.

Along with the 2021 edition of the Normandy World Peace Forum, Parliamentarians for Peace have rightly placed the issues related to governance at the heart of their discussions. The repeated crises of the past few years, whether political, societal or environmental, have raised fears that the multilateral international order we have known since the end of the Second World War may be called into question. The early stages of the health crisis have shown that in the face of extreme and unforeseen events, the limits of international solidarity can be quickly reached and isolationism can quickly resurface.

Through their work, the parliamentarians involved in this project are working to build solutions to address these threats and pave the way for building a global and sustainable peace through dialogue and the promotion of common values. This global and lasting peace is today an essential ambition that we can only achieve if we pursue it collectively, as we live in a world that is more interconnected than ever before, where the difficulties we face are themselves increasingly global.

That is why I am glad to witness the growth of this network of parliamentarians committed to peace and freedom, who are bringing to life the Normandy Manifesto for Peace, which was signed in 2019 by four Nobel Peace Prize winners. I encourage you all to support this project and to join the initiatives it presents and I look forward to seeing you in 2022 for the 5th edition of the Normandy World Peace Forum and the next stage of the work of Parliamentarians for Peace.



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**Catherine Morin-Desailly**  
French Senator, Vice-chair  
of the Senatorial Delegation  
for Strategic Foresight,  
Councillor of the Normandy  
Region

The pandemic has been raging on for many months, causing drastic geopolitical, economic and social consequences. In this increasingly tense context, the Parliamentarians for Peace have continued their cross-border and cross-party collaboration towards the fourth Normandy Peace Forum.

Beyond today's practical and political obstacles, dialogue has remained at the core of this initiative. For the second year, the Open Diplomacy Institute and the Normandy Region cooperated to gather Parliamentarians of all sensibilities and backgrounds to reflect on the conditions for sustainable peace.

In 2021, we extended this network to new institutions: from the Argentinean Chamber of Deputies to the Jordanian Senate, from the Costa Rican Legislative Assembly to the European Parliament, the geographical scope of the Parliamentarians for Peace has opened up broader than in 2020.



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**Thomas FRIANG**  
Founder and CEO of the  
Open Diplomacy Institute

We co-chaired the work of fifteen political leaders, from Ireland to Malaysia, from Brazil to India, dedicated to shaping a clear roadmap, articulated on solid principles and precise solutions. Our objective was to chart a course to build a fairer world : our world, which has been so profoundly reshaped by the ecological and digital transitions, so deeply disrupted by the pandemic.

On behalf of the Parliamentarians for Peace, we would like to extend our thanks to the high-level experts we have interviewed to develop this Peace Policy Platform, which we hope will contribute to sketch out a desirable future in an unstable world.

The bonds forged by this extraordinary community, coming from all corners of the world, will contribute to the strengthening of the often criticized, regularly mocked and frequently weakened multilateral system. Multilateralism can and must remain our main vector of international cooperation to face the current transnational challenges.

We, Parliamentarians for Peace, have witnessed the considerable delay that the COVID-19 pandemic has caused in achieving the **Sustainable Development Goals**, even as it has highlighted the importance of those goals for our collective future. The current crisis has jeopardized the health and lives of millions of persons, tested our national health systems, questioned our relationship to nature and biodiversity, challenged our technologies, exposed more people to vulnerability and exclusion, setting us back on the path towards the United Nations 2030 Agenda. These current challenges have highlighted our **interdependencies as nations** and the pressing need for **global solidarity**.

As Parliamentarians for Peace, we see the consequences of the crisis on our countries, in our constituents' lives, in a context of weakening and disordered global governance. We are deeply concerned that the COVID-19 pandemic perpetuates and exacerbates existing inequalities and that those most at risk are persons in vulnerable and marginalized situations. United in this transpolitical network, anchored on all five continents, we strive for **sustainable peace**. We, therefore, **foster dialogue and lesson-sharing** between nations and work on promoting democratic and common solutions to global challenges, to ensure a better future for people.

Now more than ever, we indeed need to commit unconditionally **to the path of multilateralism, to achieve peaceful global governance**. Beyond declarations of principles, there needs to be **actionable solutions** implemented in the face of environmental crisis and rampant inequalities that **includes civil society** in international cooperation.

On this path, the 17 SDGs shall remain our compass to guide us in designing a sustainable, post-pandemic world. As the call for a renewed multilateralism implies taking responsibility and **raising our ambitions collectively**, we believe recovering from the pandemic should be seized as **an opportunity to match our intentions with actions** and ensure the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals.

As we realize the extent of **our interconnectedness throughout the world**, the pandemic has taught us that health is a universal human right and that only evidence-based and rights-based policy solutions can help overcome global challenges. To protect our planet and our people, to live in prosperity - in a nutshell leaving no one behind - we commit to sustaining and enhancing efforts to deliver on the 2030 Agenda in light of the following principles.

## HEALTH

Despite the **unprecedented scientific breakthrough** made to address as swiftly as possible the COVID-19 crisis, we, Parliamentarians for Peace, still deplore a **growing risk of tensions in the international community**. As rich countries monopolized 54 % of available vaccines for less than 16 % of the world's population, a global approach is necessary to address such a global health crisis. This is vital to bridge the political gap between countries with or without access to vaccination at scale; or to cope with the high mutation speed of the virus - calling for greater scientific collaboration on genome sequencing for example.

We firmly believe that we need to build within the multilateral system greater global capacities for earlier and better **detection of pandemic risks**. This requires investigating a multilateral, independent and rapid investigation on the causes of the current pandemic, duly establishing criminal and political responsibilities. It also calls for a proper investigation on how geopolitics prevented the World Health Organization to fully operate as a firewall against the COVID-19 outbreak. Transparency and accountability on today's danger will help to design more readiness and responsiveness for the future. This also needs to acknowledge the increasing zoonose risks fostering pandemics and thus the relevance of the "One Health Approach" put forward by the World Health Organization.

We also think that the international community has to enhance its global vaccines and treatments manufacturing capacities through the development of **public-public cooperation**, such as in the COVID-19 Technology Access Pool (C-TAP), as well as through **public-private partnerships** like the GAVI Alliance. The further development of these capacities must be based on decentralized manufacturing strategies to deliver its full potential of responsiveness to today's and future crises. We support the project of an international

treaty on pandemics, which encompasses access to medicine, to medical equipment and to personal protection equipment. As Parliamentarians, we expect to be involved in the design of this tool which should lay ground for international justice on political and criminal responsibilities for future pandemics.

As we look forward to overcoming today's pandemic, we hope for a global **framework to stop the spread** of future viruses with fully coordinated responses, articulating respective layers of sovereign responsibilities, encompassing trade and travel policies but also an agreement of the World Trade Organization in favor of a **waiver of intellectual property rights for COVID-19 technologies**. Such new tools of global governance will help us to react to future crises more swiftly and effectively.

The current pandemic caused **serious collateral damages** we must take into account. **Manipulation of information** added infodemics to the pandemic and eroded **political confidence**. The severe consequences on employment had a major and long-lasting impact on **social cohesion**. This crisis is another call for greater care for the most vulnerable institutions and people. For instance, we strongly commend the **COVAX Humanitarian Buffer**.

Finally, this crisis highlighted again the very necessity of **universal health coverage** in all economies and the major importance of continuous and ambitious **investments in public health** policies and infrastructures, including in its essential resources: health workers.

Recalling our support for the on-going negotiations for an International Treaty on Pandemics and for the Covid-19 Vaccines Intellectual Property Waiver, as Parliamentarians for Peace, and in the light of the above-mentioned principles on health policies, **we commit to support the following programs of international cooperation fostering a sustainable peace**: the German Agency for International Cooperation (GIZ) "Global Project on Pandemic Prevention and Preparedness"; and the World Health Organization "Health and Peace Initiative".

## ENVIRONMENT

Against the emergency of the environmental crisis, we, Parliamentarians for Peace, are committed to **raising ambitions** towards the 2030 Sustainable Development Goals, ensuring a **green recovery** from the pandemic which facilitates a **just transition**.

2021 could be a super-year-for-nature as the 3 COP of all Rio Conventions takes place in the same year, recalling all **intersections between the climate crisis, accelerating desertification and the mass biodiversity loss**. This all depends on us. We need to **steer towards sustainability as a whole**, encompassing protection and regeneration of nature-capital, on top of working towards global net-zero coalitions for greenhouse gas emissions.

To tackle this holistic environmental crisis, we have to start by **redirecting investments in the right directions**. This implies increasing both public and private share of investments towards renewable energies, low-carbon technologies and nature-based solutions. Along this road, **public-public and public-private partnerships** will arise to address all cross-cutting issues. But to massify these financial efforts, the international economic order needs new rules: we cannot achieve the SDGs without **bolder regulations** aligning credit and market decisions of the financial institutions with the objectives of Rio Conventions; nor without adapting WTO rules and removing or reforming Investors-State Dispute Settlement mechanisms to ensure **consistency of trade agreements** with the environmental global governance. In general, the new economic paradigm of sustainability calls for **new economic approaches and infrastructure** that focuses on impact and not limitless growth, including: effective carbon markets, new financial products like green bonds which call for universal mechanisms of extra-financial disclosure, and thus nature-capital accounting ushering into the era of a circular bioeconomy where our relationship to nature is reshaped. This will finally lead us to respecting and living within **planetary boundaries** and also secure critical ecosystem services that provide fundamentals in leaving no one behind.

As we aim at gaining momentum in mitigating the Anthropocene and the 6th mass extinction of species, we keep committed to stand by the **principles of shared but differentiated responsibility and of just transition** that steer climate justice. All have a **co-responsibility** in tackling this crisis, which we have to assume, beyond only offsetting our impact. We **cannot achieve sustainability without social justice** and in particular, involving women in designing and implementing responses to this crisis and the protection of the indigenous people's territories. We need an international justice framework to ensure environmental accountability and payment for all **losses and damages**. In particular, we commend the development of a global memorandum on **ecocide liability**, the recognition of the status of **climate refugees** or displaced people, the full recognition the rights of indigenous communities to **self-determination**, and a greater respect of the rights of each individual to **global commons** like fresh air, clean water and nourishing food.

As Parliamentarians for Peace, and in the light of the above-mentioned principles on environmental policies, **we commit to support the following programs of international cooperation fostering a sustainable peace**: the African, Caribbean and Pacific Group of States (ACP) and Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) joint initiative "Action Against Desertification" and the "Catalytic Green Finance Facility" of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN).



## INCLUSION

We, Parliamentarians for peace, care about the **structural inequalities** which exposed all minorities and discriminated populations like women to more demanding challenges during the COVID-19 pandemic. This situation calls for inclusive leadership grounded on strong political consistency to “leave no one behind”.

It is required to **foster a comprehensive response**, encompassing fundamental rights including rights to education, to health and to access water and nutrition. It is needed to **develop an intersectional response** that addresses all layers of discrimination that still prevent a fair recovery to happen. It is expected to **sustain a multilateral solution** to the global ordeal we go through, involving all players of civil society. It is meant to **drive science-based policy-making** which relies upon substantial data to understand all aspects of this crisis. The SDGs offer the most universal and effective framework to address all forms of conflicts spilling over the exclusion process and answering to emerging social, economic and political challenges.

**Inclusion is key for future generations.** We steer for intergenerational justice in our social and public life, specifically caring for the elderly people. We need to acknowledge the importance of long-term policy solutions to face the aftermath of the COVID-19 outbreak and the risk of further crises which damage youth’s future. We need first and foremost to **assess in detail the consequences of the crisis on children’s physical, social and mental health** as well as its impact on their education. This is **even more essential for girls**, who face even bigger turmoil along with the pandemic.

**Inclusion is key for women.** As we marked in 2020 the 75th anniversary of the UN Charter, it was high time to state that women’s rights are human rights. We call for greater attention to anti-rights powers which undermine women’s rights, while the multilateral system accelerates the “Generation Equality” campaign to deliver on the commitments of the 1995 Beijing Platform. **Women were overrepresented in jobs directly exposed to health risks as well as in jobs exposed to indirect socio-economic consequences.** Also, this affected their right to a life free of violence, sexual and reproductive rights and overwork

in areas like care and education. Women will face greater challenges to adapt to climate disruptions and to benefit from the digital revolution. This is why we cannot go « business as usual » and need **feminist recovery plans**, enhancing gender mainstreaming and gender budgeting.

**Inclusion is key for indigenous people.** As they are too often marginalised, we keep committed to advocating for their rights to take part in the design of all public policies and to the economy, as per the 1989 ILO Convention for Indigenous and Tribal Peoples, particularly to protect their collective rights to their territory.

**Inclusion is key for all refugees, displaced persons or people in need of international protection.** During this trying time, they face double vulnerabilities as their weak political status amplifies their poor access to services required for protection against the pandemic. We advocate for **universal access to vaccines**: this also means specific efforts for all undocumented migrant workers or asylum seekers. These challenging times raise awareness of long-lasting injustices. Let’s not forget, while we recover from the pandemic, the importance of **fighting against human trafficking** which feeds off migration and of **fighting for the recognition of new types of refugees or displaced people**, due to climate disruptions in particular.

**Inclusion is key for many other categories.** We call for greater work towards the full vindication of disabled persons rights through the framework of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with a Disability. We similarly call for greater care for elderly people as our social protection systems - when existing - hardly prevent poverty and loneliness at the end of life and do not better cover increasingly frequent chronic diseases. Finally, we call for greater attention to racist exclusion that led - despite the pandemic - to major social demonstrations happening in 2020. Such transnational waves of solidarity remind us that **sustainable peace cannot be achieved without social justice.**

As Parliamentarians for Peace, and in the light of the above-mentioned principles on inclusion policies, **we commit to support the following programs of international cooperation fostering a sustainable peace**: the “Fairtrade International/Max Havelaar” Label and the “Spotlight Initiative” of the European Union, the United Nations and the government of Mexico.



## INNOVATION

Along with the COVID-19 crisis, **hope arose from innovation; fear did also**. Vaccines, resulting from an unprecedented campaign of research and development, represent our best chance to overcome the pandemic and recover from its consequences. **Disinformation**, widely spread online and preventing many citizens from relying on news to protect themselves, has been one of our worst enemies against the virus. Current turmoil proved how political scientific and technological cooperation at the global stage is a key factor. As Parliamentarians for Peace, we call for **greater multilateral cooperation around the geopolitical challenges entailed by innovation**. This does not question multi-stakeholder approaches, where tech communities have a strong say; it reaffirms the importance of a **much stronger political leadership** on the way our future - and international tensions - can be shaped by innovation.

**Global political leadership** regarding space should be fostered. We developed our understanding of the climate crisis, its rapid evolution and its drastic consequences, thanks to space observation which provides the main data for climate research - half of the GCOS (Global Observing System for Climate) Essential Climate Variables can only be documented through space exploration. In many aspects, **space exploration represents international cooperation at its best**, bringing all nations together, and developing our global outlook on our common good: Nature. But it is also a field for **greater geopolitical tensions**, as it is at risk of **hazardous privatization and dangerous militarization**. The fast growth of satellite telecommunications without proper management of outer space debris and the accelerating development of extra-atmospheric military applications call for the modernization of the 1967 Outer Space Treaty. As we face **increasing environmental risks for climate and biodiversity** which will certainly need greater space cooperation, this is vital.

**Cyberspace** calls for the same multilateral leadership as we face political - and not technological - challenges. As it stands, **Internet governance** misses two main objectives. First, much stronger accountability of tech communities to international governments is needed, to address the

**governance of the networks and infrastructures** - based on a multi-stakeholder approach - as a political issue, not only as a technical issue. Second and notably, we need a **political forum to regulate the digital economy** and address all transnational concerns it represents: massive tax erosion, uncontrolled use of private data, alarming cybersecurity threats, fast-spreading disinformation, unregulated hate speeches, the environmental impact of data centers, etc. As **investments in artificial intelligence** research and development rise in all major economies, and as **quantum computer science** enhances the potential of this accelerating technological revolution, there is a greater need to modernise the multilateral system as a means to build up political solutions. We call for **human rights-driven regulations** of these digital disruptions, especially in the face of developing autonomous military technology and weaponry unframed by the Geneva Conventions. We, Parliamentarians for Peace, commit to directly engage in the global design and deliberations of these regulations we call for.

As Parliamentarians for Peace, and in the light of the above-mentioned principles on innovation policies, **we commit to support the following programs of international cooperation fostering a sustainable peace**: the Asian Business Law Institute's program on the "convergence of data privacy laws and frameworks for cross-border transfers of personal data in Asia"; and the "WeVerify" initiative, supported by the European Union.



## LIST OF SIGNATORIES



### FRANCE - Ms Catherine Morin-Desailly

Senator, Vice-chair of the Senatorial Delegation for Strategic Foresight, Councillor for the Normandy Region, Copresident of the Parliamentarians for Peace

Catherine Morin-Desailly has been Senator for Seine-Maritime since September 2004. An expert on the digital sector and its legislation, she is the Vice-chair of the Senatorial Delegation for Strategic Foresight Regional, a Member of the European Affairs Committee and Councillor for the Normandy Region. Senator Morin-Desailly was previously Chair of the Culture, Education and Media Committee.

**FRANCE - Mr Thomas Friang**  
Founder and CEO of the Open Diplomacy Institute, Copresident of the Parliamentarians for Peace

Thomas Friang is the founder and Director-general of the Open Diplomacy Institute. He started his career as an economist in financial regulation at the French Central Bank before shifting to political strategy advisory. In this capacity, Thomas created the G7, G8 and G20 working groups on future generations and chaired their summits in 2011 and 2019.



### BRAZIL - Mr Rodrigo Agostinho

Member of the Chamber of Deputies

Rodrigo Agostinho was elected to the Brazilian Chamber of Deputies in 2019. He is the Chair of the Environmentalist Parliamentary Front at the National Congress. As an environmental activist and lawyer, Rodrigo Agostinho has over twenty years of experience in climate action and environment preservation.

**NIGERIA - Mr Mohammed Bago**  
Member of the House of Representatives, Chair of the Committee for Cooperation and Integration in Africa

Mohamed Bago is a Member of the Nigerian House of Representatives, dedicated to economic and labour matters since 2011. He is the current Chairman of the Committee on Cooperation and Integration in Africa. Prior to politics, he has worked in banking and finance for 15 years.



Mohammed Umaru Bago



**ITALY - Mr Brando Benifei**

Member of the European Parliament, Head of Italian Socialist & Democrat (S&D) Delegation

Brando Benifei has been a Member of the European Parliament since 2014, he is the Rapporteur for the Artificial Intelligence Act and the Rapporteur for the Single Market Program. In 2016, Forbes included him in its annual 30 under-30 most influential in EU Politics list.

**ICELAND - Ms Rósa Björk Brynjólfssdóttir**  
Member of the *Althingi*

Rósa Björk Brynjólfssdóttir has been a Member of the *Althingi* since 2016. As a journalist, Ms Björk Brynjólfssdóttir has been a news editor for various media such as France 24, Al Jazeera, TF1 and other foreign news stations.



**MALAYSIA - Ms Maria Chin Abdullah**

Member of the House of Representatives

Maria Chin Abdullah has been a Member of the Malaysian House of Representatives since 2018. Dedicated to civil rights issues, Ms Chin Abdullah has also played a key role in advocating for gender equality. She was an important figure in the lobbying movement for the Domestic Violence Act of 1994, and laws related to violence against women.

**SPAIN - Ms Marta González Vázquez**

Member of the Chamber of Deputies, Coordinator of the International Relations, Agriculture and Culture committees

A member of the Chamber of Deputies since 2011, Marta González Vázquez is the Coordinator of the International Relations, Agriculture and Culture committees and the Deputy Chairwoman of the Spanish Delegation to the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe. Dedicated to equality issues, Ms González Vázquez has been Director General for gender equality for the autonomous community of Galicia.





**JORDAN - Dr Alia Hatough-Bouran**

Former Minister of the Environment and former Minister of Tourism, Senator

As a Jordanian Senator since 2015, Alia Hatough-Bouran has been a Minister of Tourism and Antiquities and a Minister of Environment. As an environmental scientist, Senator Alia Hatough-Bouran has built a career in environmental international negotiation

**IRELAND - Ms Alice Mary Higgins**

Senator at the *Seanad Éireann*, Leader of the *Civil Engagement Group*

Alice-Mary Higgins has been an independent Senator at the *Seanad Éireann* since 2016. As an advocate for social and economic equality, she is leading the *Civil Engagement Group* movement.



**ARGENTINA - Mr Fernando Iglesias**

Member of the Chamber of Deputies, Chair of the MERCOSUR Committee



Fernando Iglesias is a Member of the Argentine Chamber of Deputies since 2019, Chair of the MERCOSUR committee and Co-President of the World Federalist Movement-Institute for Global Policy. He is the Director of the campaign for a Latin American and Caribbean Criminal Court Against Transnational Organized Crime (COPLA) and the Co-Chair of the UNPA campaign's Parliamentary Advisory Group.

**FINLAND - Mr Johannes Koskinen**

A Former Minister of Justice, Member of the *Eduskunta*, Chair of the Finance Committee

Johannes Koskinen is a Member of the *Eduskunta* since 2009, Chair of the Finance Committee. As a lawyer, Johannes Koskinen has served in many political roles, including as Minister of Justice and Board Director of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD).





**KENYA - Dr Swarup Ranjan Mishra**

Member of the National Assembly, Vice-Chair of the Parliamentary committee on Members Services and Facilities

As a gynecologist surgeon, Dr Swarup Ranjan Mishra is a Member of the National Assembly of Kenya since 2017. He is the Vice-Chair of the Parliamentary committee on Members Services and Facilities. Dr Mishra is the founder and chairman of Mediheal Group of Hospitals in Kenya, Rwanda & Addis Ababa.

**COSTA RICA - Ms Nielsen Pérez Pérez**  
Member of the Legislative Assembly, Chair of the Women’s Rights Committee and of the Human Rights Committee

Nielsen Pérez is a Member of Costa Rican *Asamblea Legislativa* since 2018. As a specialist in human rights and gender equality, she is the Chair of the Women’s Rights Committee and of the Human Rights Committee. Ms Pérez has worked as a consultant for UN Women.



**TOGO - Mr Gerry Taama**

Member of the National Assembly, Chair of the *Nouvel Engagement Togolais* (NET) parliamentary group

A Member of the National Assembly of Togo since 2013, Gerry Taama is an experienced politician with a background in the military and in business ventures. He was mobilized in the United Nations peacekeeping operation in Ivory Coast (ONUCI). At the National Assembly, he is the Chair of the *Nouvel Engagement Togolais* (NET) parliamentary group, which he founded.

**INDIA - Mr Manish Tewari**  
Former Minister of Information and Broadcasting, Deputy, Member of the Lok Sabha

Manish Tewari has been a Member of the *Lok Sabha* since 2019 and he is an advocate to the Supreme Court of India. As a former Minister of State Independent Charge in the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India, Mr Tewari is the National Spokesperson of the Indian National Congress party.



# PARLIAMENTARIANS FOR PEACE



United Kingdom 2020  
**Dr Philippa Whiford**

Fellow of the Royal Colleges of Surgeons, Member of the House of Commons, Scottish National Party's Spokesperson on Health and European Affairs

France 2020-2021  
**Ms Catherine Morin-Desailly**

Senator, Vice-chair of the Senatorial Delegation for Strategic Foresight, Councillor for the Normandy Region, Copresident of the Parliamentarians for Peace

France 2020-2021  
**Mr Thomas Friang**

Founder and CEO of the Open Diplomacy Institute, Copresident of the Parliamentarians for Peace

Spain 2021

**Ms Marta González Vázquez**

Member of the Chamber of Deputies, Coordinator of the International Relations, Agriculture and Culture committees

Norway 2020

**Mme Ingrid Schou**

Former Minister of Social Affairs, Vice-president of the *Storting*

Canada 2020  
**Ms Marie-France Lalonde**

Former Minister of Ontario, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Economic Development and Official Languages, Member of the Federal Parliament, President of the France-Canada Friendship Group

Ireland 2021

**Ms Alice Mary Higgins**

Senator at the *Seanad Éireann*, Leader of the Civil Engagement Group

Iceland 2021

**Ms Rósa Björk Brynjólfsdóttir**

Member of the *Althingi*

Finland 2021

**Mr Johannes Koskinen**

Former Minister of Justice, Member of the *Eduskunta*, Chair of the Finance Committee

Italy 2021

**Mr Brando Benifei**

Member of the European Parliament, Head of Italian Socialists & Democrats (S&D) Delegation

Lebanon 2020

**Pr Dima Jamali**

Member of the Chamber of Deputies

Taiwan 2020

**Pr Fan Yun**

Member of the Legislative Yuan

Costa Rica 2021

**Ms Nielsen Pérez Pérez**

Member of the Legislative Assembly, Chair of the Women's Rights Committee and of the Human Rights Committee

Jordan 2021

**Dr Alia Hatough-Bouran**

Former Minister of the Environment and former Minister of Tourism, Senator

Argentina 2021

**Mr Fernando Iglesias**

Member of the Chamber of Deputies, Chair of the MERCOSUR Committee

Kenya 2021

**Dr Swarup Ranjan Mishra**

Member of the National Assembly, Vice-Chair of the Parliamentary committee on Members Services and Facilities

Brazil 2020  
**Mr Marcelo Calero**

Former Minister of Culture, Member of the Chamber of Deputies, Municipal Secretary of Government and Public Integrity of Rio de Janeiro

Brazil 2021  
**Mr Rodrigo Agostinho**

Member of the Chamber of Deputies

Senegal 2020

**Mr Pape Sagna Mbaye**

Member of the National Assembly, Chair of the Sustainable Development and Ecological Transition Committee

South Africa 2020

**Mr Darren Bergman**

Member of the National Assembly, *Shadow Minister* for International relations and cooperation

India 2021

**Mr Manish Tewari**

Former Minister of Information and Broadcasting, Deputy, Member of the *Lok Sabha*

India 2020

**Mr Gaurav Gogoi**

Member of the *Lok Shaba*, Deputy leader of the Congress party

Togo 2021

**Mr Gerry Taama**

Member of the National Assembly, Chair of the *Nouvel Engagement Togolais* (NET) parliamentary group

Nigeria 2021

**Mr Mohammed Bago**

Member of the House of Representatives, Chair of the Committee for Cooperation and Integration in Africa

Malaysia 2021

**Ms Maria Chin Abdullah**

Member of the House of Representatives





## THE OPEN DIPLOMACY INSTITUTE

As a result of the environmental crisis, technological revolutions, and the profound questioning of the universalist legacy of the Enlightenment, The Open Diplomacy Institute is deeply convinced that the world is being disrupted faster than ever.

Since its creation in 2010, the Institute's ambition has been to cultivate an active citizenship to face these challenges, following three guidelines :

- Ensure the best interests of future generations
- Reason on a global scale, taking into account the interests and needs of mankind as a whole
- Think beyond intellectual and political borders

The Open Diplomacy Institute's track record :

- Implementation since 2011 of the Y20 and the Y7, at the very heart of the G20 and the G7, to give a diplomatic voice to future generations
- Creation in 2020 of a high level global network of more than thirty « Parliamentarians for Peace », to find transnational solutions to global issues
- Founding in 2020 of the Sustainable Development Encounters, under the high patronage of the President of the Republic, to design a path for a fair transition bringing together more than fifty partners
- Draft of a report for a gender equality submitted to the Government, designed through civic dialogues involving 15 ministers prior to the Generation Equality Forum
- 120 Fellows in a fast-growing learning community running 5 study groups

«PARLIAMENTARIANS  
FOR PEACE»  
IS A PROGRAM CURATED  
BY THE OPEN  
DIPLOMACY INSTITUTE  
AND POWERED  
BY THE NORMANDY  
FOR PEACE INITIATIVE  
OF THE NORMANDY  
REGION.



## THE NORMANDY REGION

A remarkable natural heritage and a prestigious History have made the Normandy Region a privileged tourism destination. Normandy is known worldwide, in particular for the D-Day landing of June 6, 1944, which was a decisive turning point in the Second World War.

Normandy is indeed a tourism destination deeply rooted in remembrance. Every year, more than two million visitors from all over the world and of all generations come to the beaches of Normandy to discover and share the memory of those who served for peace.



## THE FOURTH NORMANDY WORLD PEACE FORUM

The «Normandy for Peace» initiative was born out of the Normandy Region's desire to continue the considerable work of remembrance achieved since 1945, through a global approach that includes an annual Norman and international program, promoting the universal values of peace and freedom, as well as an international event open to all, the Normandy World Peace Forum.

The 4th edition of the Forum will be held on September 30 and October 1 at the Abbaye-aux-Dames in Caen. Under the theme «World peace and global security: how to govern peace», the Forum will take stock of the problems encountered by international institutions in addressing human, food and health security issues.

During the plenary sessions, debates and meetings, experts and specialists present at the Forum, along with representatives of governments, academics and civil society, will provide keys to understanding contemporary conflicts as well as inclusive solutions for better governing peace. During this event, sequences dedicated to future generations will be organized - such as the handover ceremony of the Liberty Prize to Sonita Alizadeh or the restitution of the work of young people on the Sustainable Development Goals before the Parliamentarians for Peace.



## THE PARLIAMENTARIANS FOR PEACE PROGRAMME

For the second year in a row, the Open Diplomacy Institute powers the Parliamentarians for Peace program within the Normandy for Peace Initiative.

In 2021, the program brings together fifteen high-level parliamentarians from different political backgrounds and from five continents, committed to revamping multilateralism for the sake of impact. The Parliamentarians for Peace have focused on the fight against all aspects

of the environmental crisis, the current pandemic and general health policy issues, the geopolitical disruptions brought by innovation and exclusion or inequalities.

The Peace Policy Platform resulting from their work sets out a shared vision for developing actionable solutions to transnational tensions that prevent us from achieving a sustainable peace.



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[WWW.P4P.GLOBAL](http://WWW.P4P.GLOBAL)