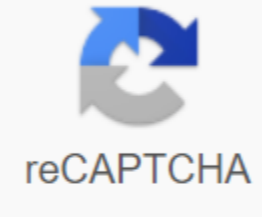




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Sociology optional books pdf

Optional subjects are an important factor in the UPSC IAS exam. It plays a crucial role in determining the rank of candidates for the IAS exam. Sociology optionally finds its place in the list of 48 subjects provided by UPSC. The optional document is part of the Mains exam, which contains 9 subjective works. UPSC Sociology Optional Book Sociology has proven to be a vital part of the general research paper as well as an optional paper in public services major exams. As one of the simplest optional subjects, many applicants take sociology annually as an optional UPSC Mains Exam exam. The sociology curriculum of the optional subject for the ISU exam can be solved if approached with the right strategies. Like other optional topics, sociology has two works. Article I of Sociology is devoted to the basics of sociology, where paper-II sociology optionally deals with Indian society, its structure and changes. Here we give important books for paper I and Paper II sociology optional for UPSC IAS Mains. Sociology Optional Books for Paper-I Table below gives titles of books that can be transferred to IAS applicants to cover sociology curriculum: Sociology Optional Books (Paper-I) Sociology - Anthony Giddens Sociological Theory - Ritzer George Sociology - Haralambos and Holborn Oxford Dictionary of Sociology Sociological Thought - M Francis Abraham and John Sociology Optional Books for Paper-II Table below gives the titles of books, which can be transferred to IAS applicants to cover the sociology curriculum: Sociology Additional Books (Paper II) Social Change in India - M N Srinivas Casta his Twentieth Century Avatar - M N Srinivas Handbook of Indian Sociology - Veena Das Indian Society and Culture - NadeemErain Disorany ra Rural Sociology - S L Doshi Social Background : - Download the PDF Here you can also check out articles relevant to UPSC Sociology Syllabus, as well as the IAS exam preparation table below: Sociology is a popular optional among UPSC applicants. Anu Kumari, who won second place in the 2017 Civil Services exam, had sociology as an optional one. The theme is unique in that it is a hit among candidates with both science and humanities education. Anyone can accept it optionally; there is no need for academic education in this area. This issue is also considered to be highly scoring, mainly if the right approach and strategies are taken in preparation. In this article you can read everything you need to know about sociology optionally, including the curriculum, How many candidates accept sociology optionally? In 2015, by the latest UPSC annual report, a total of 1,479 candidates chose sociology as optional. Of this number, 173 were recommended for services, giving success to 11.7%. In the following table we give you statistics on the number of candidates who accept and are recommended with sociology as an optional subject. Table for Sociology Success Year No. nominees appeared No. candidates recommended success rate (%) 2014 1819 193 10.6 2015 1479 173 11.7 2016 1555 89 5.5. 7 2017 1421 137 9.6 Toppers with Sociology optional The 2017 topper Anu Kumar (AIR 2) has taken sociology as its optional. It received high marks in both optional documents. Her scores of 163 and 155 in optional documents helped her increase the final tally by a wide margin, helping her bag second rank. Take a look at the following table, which gives the names of several toppers, which were sociology as an optional subject: Name of the Year Of Ranga Anu Kumari 2017 2 S Nagarajan 2004 1 Amrutes Aurangabdkar 2011 10 II Tripathi 2016 51 Utkarsh Gupta 2016 78 Chandra Mohan Garg 2015 25 Neha Yadav 2013 24 Neha Jain 2013 12 Rajanvir Singh Kapoor 2011 92 Sociology Extra pros and cons there are many advantages of taking sociology as optional in the UPSC exam. In this section we discuss some of the pros and cons associated with sociology, optional in the IAS exam. Sociology Optional Benefits Score subject and short curriculum: Sociology is considered a scoring subject, and this is one of the main reasons for its popularity. Its success rate is also quite high. With a relatively short curriculum, candidates can ideally complete within four months if they work sincerely. Extensive educational material: There is ample training material available for this topic. There is no need for background: Candidates with any academic education can choose sociology optionally and study it without any difficulty. Candidates are likely to have at least a basic understanding of some concepts of sociology. Concepts such as family, religion, etc. are familiar and often found in daily newspapers. This is usually considered an interesting topic. Overlap with other works: There is a degree overlapping sociology with other works in the upSC exam. In the General Research Document 1, about 40 to 50 marks may be from sociology related to topics. The following questions from the 2017 GS 1 document illustrate this better: in the context of India's diversity, can it be said that regions form cultural units rather than states? Give reasons with examples for your point of view. (10 marks) What are the two main legal initiatives of the state since independence to combat discrimination against planned tribes (CTS)? (10 The spirit of tolerance and love has not only been an interesting feature of Indian society since its earliest times, but also plays an important role Now. Complex. The distinction between religiosity/religiosity and communism is one example of how the former has become second in an independent India. (15 marks) These questions are better answered with an understanding of sociology. Take a look at the themes from GO's works that can be done well through sociology optionally: GS Paper I Political Philosophies such as Capitalism, Communism, Socialism, etc., and their impact on society. Highlights of Indian society, Diversity in India. The impact of globalization on Indian culture. The role of women and women's organizations, poverty and development, population and related issues, urbanization. Social empowerment, communism, secularism and regionalism. GS Paper II Pressure Groups and Formal/Informal Associations, their role in politics. Social welfare schemes for vulnerable people, mechanisms, laws, institutions and bodies are a system for protecting and improving the vulnerable. Industrial development and development - the role of NGOs, SHG, various groups and associations, donors, charities, institutional and other stakeholders. Education, human resources. Issues related to the development and management of the social sector/health-related services. Civil services in a democracy. Issues related to poverty and hunger. GS Paper III Land Reforms in India. Comprehensive development and the challenges it arises. The development and spread of the link between extremism and naxalism. Changes in industrial policy, the impact of liberalization on the economy and their results for industrial growth. GS Paper IV Human Values - the role of family, society and educational institutions in instilling values; reformers and administrators, lessons from the life and teachings of great leaders. Even in an essay article, at least a few essays can be written well and systematically because of the sociology optional, because the topics will be about social issues and the like. Examples of several essay themes that were asked in the UJA exam with a connection to sociology: The fate of the nation is formed in their classrooms. The performance of a new woman in India is a myth. Does Indian cinema shape our popular culture or simply reflect it? Indian society is at a crossroads. The composite culture of India. Finally, even in the UPSC personality test, sociology optional can help you. Many of the questions asked are based on social issues and current affairs. Thus, knowledge of sociology can give you an added benefit. Sociology Optional Failings Sociology is the subject of social sciences, and therefore, unlike basic sciences, some concepts and interpretations can be subjective. This can lead to subjective corrections on the part of the expert. Sociology Syllabus Let's look at the curriculum for sociology for major exams. There are two additional documents in the UPSC stuff scheme. Both documents have a total of 250 stamps making the total number of optional stamps up to 500. Download the UPSC sociology curriculum. Optional sociology strategy Before we start with a sociology strategy that is not binding on the foundations of UPSC, let's look at the thematic analysis of trends in sociological optional work during 2014-2017. Subject Wise Analysis Of Sociology Optional Article 1 Group Issues Worth Marks 2017 2016 2015 2014 Discipline 30 20 20 30 30 Sociology as Science 40 30 50 30 Research Methods 30 40 30 20 Thinkers 50 70 80 80 Stratification 50 40 30 40 Works and Economic Life 30 30 30 Politics and Society 40 30 50 60 Religion and Society 30 50 40 30 Systems of Kinage 50 40 20 30 Social Changes 50 50 50 60 Subject Wise Analysis of Sociology Optional Article 2 Group Issues Worth Marks 2017 2016 2015 2014 Prospects 10 10 30 10 Influence colonial rule 40 10 40 30 Rural and Agricultural Social Structure 0 20 0 30 Caste System 50 60 150 20 tribal communities in India 20 30 20 40 Social classes in India 0 10 0 20 Systems of Kinage in India 30 30 50 20 Religion and Society 10 20 30 30 Visions of Social Change in India 0 0 0 0 Rural and Agrarian Transformation 30 50 10 20 Industrialization and Urbanization 40 80 10 10 Politics and Society 20 0 20 10 Social Movements in Modern India 20 20 40 40 50 Population Dynamics 30 20 10 30 Social Transformation Challenges 50 40 90 60 Sociology Strategy optional Beginning of Sociology Training, reading 'Sociology : Topics and Perspectives of Haralambos and Holborn. This book will give you a basic understanding of all the fundamental concepts of sociology. In addition, it also contains case studies and reading will help you apply the theory in practice. The book also helps a lot in dealing with chapters like economic life, politics and society, and kinship and social change. Focus on thinkers: As you can see from the above tables, the chapter on thinkers is worth a significant portion of the characters in I. So you should give this section due respect. There are six thinkers you should cover exactly, Emile Durkheim, Karl Marx, Talcott Parsons, Max Weber, Herbert Mead and Robert Merton. All theories should be studied in detail and thoroughly. This chapter will help you in writing answers to questions from other chapters as well. For example, the topic Science, Scientific Method and Criticism in Chapter 2 is related to max Weber's scientific method in sociological analysis. Thinkers, as mentioned earlier, are a great source of questions. A few questions from the previous year's UPSC papers are below: Do you think I and I are the central terms in Mead's work? (10 marks, Paper I, 2018) Explain Durkheim's basic arguments about suicide. Can you analyze the high suicide rate society with Durkheim's theory? (20 marks, Paper I, 2018) Critically analyze Talcott Parsons' concept of Variable Patterns. (10 stamps, paper I, 2017) What is the Weberian critique of the Marxist concept of social stratification? (20 marks, Paper I, 2017) Throughout the program, there are concepts from different chapters that you should relate to each other. The theories of social stratification, which is part of Chapter 5, are related to Chapter 2. Chapter 7, which is Politics and Society, has a topic of sociological theories of power that may be related to TheBerian and Marxian theories of power. Chapter 8 includes the topic Sociological Theories of Religion, which is associated with Weber and Durkheim. A comprehensive book on sociological thought is crucial for you to understand different theories as well as write the best answers throughout. George Ritzer's bookSociological Theory is recommended for this purpose. It contains all sociological theories, modern theories and post-modern theories. Many successful candidates, such as Anu Kumari and Ila Trivati, recommended the book. It is also useful if you can remember the original definitions given by thinkers. This will greatly increase the value of your answers. While Paper I focuses on sociology theories and is more static, Paper-II is a dynamic section of the curriculum. It focuses on Indian society. Here, current affairs, especially from an Indian point of view, is essential for getting good marks. Whenever you write replies, always quote a few relevant and current facts, figures, case studies and recommendations of reports/commissions. Real-life examples are of paramount importance here. This will help you justify the point that you are making and also help you earn brownie points. For example, when you talk about the problem of religious minorities in India, you can cite the recent VERDICT of the UK on triple talaq. On issues of patriarchy, you can give skewed sexual ratios of different states in India and associate it with the development, empowerment of women, etc. quotes are also an important tool to make sure that your answers stand out. But make sure that the quotes you use are relevant to the topic, correctly and ascribed to the author's right. For Document II, there are three important books that you should refer to. They: Social Change in Modern India - MN Srinivas Casta his twentieth century Avatar - MN Srinivas Indian sociological thought - BK Nagla for Paper II, you should also remember that newspapers are an important source of answers. This document usually concerns India, and questions are usually about the latest developments that have taken place. So when you read the newspaper daily, make sure you keep an eye on topics that are questions in this article. Things to watch out for are gender/female issues, caste-based issues, tribal issues, Indian values values Its erosion, Indian society, etc. make sure your answers are multidimensional. To do this, when you prepare a theme, make sure to include different sizes and perspectives on it. For example, environmental movements in India also have a social angle for them (women and children issues, tribal issues, etc. For example, take a look at the following question from Paper II, 2018: More on the Me Too movement and its impact in India. This question, based on current affairs, has many aspects. Like agricultural disasters in India, the vagaries of the monsoon and its impact on our farmers, the mental health of The Indians, etc. Here you also need to talk about what Durkheim had to say about suicides. In sociology, you can decorate your answers by including matching diagrams and flowcharts. Prepare a few standard themes and concepts so you can use them on the exam. On each topic, develop points on both sides of the spectrum (positive and negative) and present a balanced picture. Your conclusions should be futuristic, realistic and positively oriented. In sociology, as in most other humanitarian subjects, writing answers becomes very important. It's not like math or chemistry, where you can write accurate and point answers. Here you have to write an introduction to the topic, first create a background, and then talk about the problem asked, give real examples, associate it with thinkers/schools of thought, criticism, and finally provide an apt conclusion. This now requires the practice of writing answers. To do this, you should sign up for an additional test series. A series of tests ensures that you get enough exam-like simulation before D-day. This will help you in many aspects such as time management, assessing strengths and weaknesses, and help you increase your writing speed. You will also learn to understand what is being asked in the question and writing answers with the right structure and with the right keywords. It is important to take notes while preparing for the UPSC exam, especially for subjects like sociology where there are many theories, models, concepts and thinkers. You need to create glass, tables, and numbers that help you revise. For example, Merton's Theory of Deviation can be expressed as: Books on Sociology Additional Topics of Sociology and Perspectives - Michael Charalambos, Martin Holborn Sociology - Anthony Giddens theory - George George Society in India: Concepts, Theories and Latest Trends - Ram Ahuja Modernization of Indian Tradition - Yogendra Singh Social Background of Indian Nationalism - AR Desai Perseverance and Change in Tribal India - MV Rao Related Links: Links: sociology optional books pdf. sociology optional books in hindi. sociology optional books by toppers. sociology optional books in marathi. sociology optional books upsc. sociology optional books in marathi medium. sociology optional books for upsc pdf. sociology optional books list

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