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Woo bum kon

Woo Bum-kon (or Wou Bom-kon) (February 24, 1955 - April 27, 1982) is the Second Most Known Police Officer of The Killing. After the rampage concluded, 57 people (including himself) were killed and 35 injured in Kyung-sangnam-do, South Korea Woo Bum-konBornWoo Bum-konFebruary 24, 1955Pusan, South Gyeongsang, South Korea DiedApril 27, 1982(1982-04-27) (age 27)Uyeongir, South Korea. 1982c. 9:30 p.m. – 3:40 a.m.location(s)Uiryong, South KoreaKilled57 (including self)Injured 35WeaponsTwo M2 Grenade carbinesSeven Woo Bum-konHangul범곤Hanja禹範坤 Revised RomanizationU Beom-gonCune–ReischauerU Pōmgon in this Korean name, the family name is Woo Woo Bum-kon (or Wou Bom-kon, A South Korean police and spree killer killed 56 people and injured 35 others in several villages in Uiryong County, South Korea's Kyungsan Province during the night from April 26 to April 27, 1982, before suicide. His rampage continued to be the deadliest massacre committed by a single gunman in modern history until the Norwegian attack on July 22, 2011. [3] Massacre Uiryong this section requires additional references for inspection. Please help improve this article by adding references to trusted sources. Unpurchased materials may be challenged and removed. Find source: Wu Bum-con – News · Newspaper · There was an argument with his girlfriend, Chun Mal-soon (cumshot), on the afternoon of April 26, 1982, after she woke him with a flick flying on his chest. According .m to early reports, he began drinking heavily, although witnesses later stated that Wu was not drunk during his rampage and according to local authorities, he was unable to cover 4 km (2.5 miles) of difficult terrain and rocks while intoxicated. At about 7.m p.m., Wu returned home. Punch and kick his girlfriend and smash furniture, before walking to the armory of conservationists and collecting several weapons. It consisted of two M2 vehicles, 144-180 rounds of ammunition and seven grenades, some of which the report said were of other officers. [5] He was able to grab an unnoticed weapon. Although others said he threatened guards to gain access [to the victim's] reference. Jon Eun-sook (곡 23), 23 Sons Jin tae (손), 26 Apgok-ri (압곡), Pan-Im Gang (%판 61 Choi Boone (이분), 71 Jon Jong-jeong (36), 36, Baghdadi(이침약), 36, Jon Jung's wife, Lee Chun-so (50), 1 year ago 손 59 Lee Panzu (이판), 50 Mun Sun-A (50), 44, Lee Pansu's wife Ungye-ri (운계), son Von-Jeem (손점), 51 Shin Sujeong (Blowjobs), 9, Shin Wi-do's daughter Shin-do, Shang-san (13), 13, was 13, 1999. Shin Wido Park's daughter, In-Gil (42), Choi Jong-Nia (400), 40, was a son of a 1960s girl녀. Park-in-Gil's wife Park Kyung-sook (19), 19, was 19, 2014. Park's son In-Gil Park Jae-chol (14재철, 14, was charged with first-time drink. Park In Gil's son Park Hyun-sook (8), 8, Park's daughter In-Gil Sol Sunjim (설침), 49 Yu Sun-ja (Cumshot), 19, Sol Sun-jon's daughter Kim Wool-sun (28 Jon Dal-be (18), 18, was 18 달배. Sinyong-Leon (19런), 43 Yu Jeon-sun (cumshot점), 19 Jin Pil-lee (이필 이), 19 Jon Young-gil (cumshot), 37 Kim Joo-dong (19) 18 Jin Il-im (48 Park Gab-Jeo갑), 38 Park Myung-leon (32 Park런 Meehe미), 14 Pyeongcheon-ni (평춘) Seo Hyung-so (이cum), 27 Seo Jung-so (22), Seo Hyung-so-so-so-so-d-g., 43 Jon Bok-sun (63복), Park Bong-san (봉4소1) 51 Lee Ta-san (46) Lee Sun-du (두 46), Han Myung Kyung-kyu (Cumshot), 53 Choi Kyung-jack (Cumshot작), 43 Seo Um-seok (20, 20, 2000) Choi Kyung-jack's son, Byung-hyung (Cumshot), 8. 2 Kwaek Ki-dal (곽달), 43 Kwaek Ju-il (곽), 14, Gwak Gi-dal Park Sun-deog '41), son of Gwak Gi-dal Park Sun-deog (41), Kwana's wife, Ki-dal Jo Ul-sun (56), Other areas Heejung (희), 23, Killed in Byeokgye-ri (벽계) Jo Gwi-nam (귀 54), killed in Jukjeon-ri (죽-이cumshot) Jo Myeong-lyul (Cumshot룡), 59, died in Bongok-ri (봉곡,) Ha Kyung J (Cumshot 재), 5Yu (Liang량 Age unknown Joyong-de-Gok (46), No. Haman-gun, perpetrator (suicide), wu 범곤, 27 The rampage began at around 21.30am.m where he killed three phone service providers and cut off phone lines. He later went to Torongni, where he threw a grenade and shot a passer-by in a market, killing six people. He also injured Chunmal recently, who had gone to check after hearing gunshots in the village. From that point on, he proceeded from the village to the village, leveraging his position as a police officer to enter the house and shoot their residents. At 10.m:30 p.m., Woo took it. He ordered the boy 운계 to receive soft drinks from a grocery store owned by Shin We-do , 52 years old, after receiving what he asked Wu to kill the boy and attacking the owner and his family. Shin We-do can escape after being shot in the leg even though his wife Son Won-jeom (손점) and his daughters Chang-sun (Cumshot) and Su-jeong (cumshot) were killed 평춘. He shot the family of four in bed and went to the house where the alarm was on. When the homeowner saw an armed policeman and asked what was going on, Woo explained that there was an alert as North Korean officials were found. The man invited Woo into the house for dinner, during which the latter complained about his small salary and his transfer from Busan to the countryside, eventually woo began shooting guests after one of them said his ammunition didn't actually look [needed clarification]. He killed twelve people in the house and eight others in the street, resulting in a total of 24 people killed in Pyeongcheonni, the police response, the suspect's death, even though police were alerted within minutes of the first shooting, it took an hour to assemble a team of 37 officers to search for the gunman, and the National Police Office in Seoul was not notified until 1:40 a.m.m From a police station in Kungryu, Wu found refuge in a farmhouse owned by 68-year-old Su-in-so , where he said he was chasing communist infiltrators and that his family should gather in the main room of the house so he could protect them. When the family gathered at his request, he held them hostage. Two hours later, police arrested him, and when forces closed in, Woo detonated two suicide bombs and three of his hostages. Sue himself survived the fatal crash. Four bullets and one grenade were recovered by police inside the farmhouse. Immediately after birth, when the rampage ended, 55 people and Wu himself died, while another 36 people were seriously injured. One of the injured children who was shot dead on May 8 resulted in 56 gunmen being killed, while 35 were still being treated in hospitals in Jinju and Mzan. Later, Chun Mal-soon said her boyfriend had suffered from inferior complexity and was attracted by the folk's comments about living together unmarried. The provincial police commander was later suspended and four other officers were arrested for negligence. South Korea's foreign minister, Su Chung-hwa, and the national police chief, Aung Mo, offered to resign as a form of reparations for Wu's rampage. Su Chung-hwa, who was responsible for the incident by President Chun Doo-hwan, laid his place on April 29 and Roh Tae-woo was appointed interior minister. A special parliamentary team has formed a 19-person parliament led by home affairs committee chairman Kim Chong Ha to investigate shootings and disaster management by police. In addition, the South Korean cabinet decided to pay compensation to the victims and their families. See also South Korean biographical portal portal list of rampant killers reference ^b South Korea shot leading minister to resign Global article from The New York Times, April 29, 1982. ^ Norwegian Massacre 'Work of Mad Men', breakingNEWS.ie (July 23, 2011) ^ b c Cop killed 55 after an altercation with a mistress, New Straits Times (April 28, 1982) ^ Korean Police Berserk killing 62, GAINESVILLE SUN (April 27, 1982) ^ Berserk South Korean police killed a total of 56 people, Lodi News-Sentinel (April 28, 1982) ^ 56 dead, 35 injured . 1982) ^ Ricochet from Rampage, Far East Economic Review (May 7, 1982) ^ Murder surged to 56, The Straits Times (May 10, 1982) ^ Seoul stunned with 56 police killings, The New York Times (April 28, 1982) ^ Victims of amok carnage to receive compensation , New York Times (April 30, 1982) 982) (8th year) Read more, Korean police go berserk, killing 58 people, Deseret News (April 27, 1982), p. 1 The Korean police rampage leaves 58 dead, Ocala Star-Banner (April 27, 1982) Korean police rampage kills 58, Boca Raton News (April 27, 1982) Korean police Berserk kills 62, Gainesville Sun (April 27, 1982) South Korean police drunken police kill 62, (April 27, 1982) Burke Police Killed 53, Ellensburg Daily Record (April 27, 1982) Korean Police Massacre 58, Eugene Register-Guard (April 27, 1982) Funeral begins for 57 victims of massacre by Korean police, Ocala Star-Banner (April 28, 1982) Korean massacre area flooded with donations, Eugene-Register Guard (28) April 1982) Korean shooting rampage triggered by a swat of flies, St. Petersburg Times (April 28, 1982), Florida death toll in the rampage put at 62, aged 62 (April 28, 1982 초 죽) 부 3000cum 낸 뒤 또, Hankyoreh (April 13, 2012) external link Woo Bum-kon searches for graves retrieved from

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