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Blank world map worksheet with latitude and longitude

Help your child practice their reading skills with these free fill sheets. Help your child complete each sentence by using the words in the suggestion box. Then train to read the sentence aloud! To get more blank worksheets, continue with the slide show. Print each sheet one by one or get the full workbook at the end.

Advertising Advertising Help your child describe different items of clothing by filling in an empty sentence with words out of the box. In addition, she will love coloring in pictures at the end! This sheet doubles as a reading exercise and a great jumping from point to point for discussion. When your child fills in the blanks of each sentence, ask him about his own musical tastes and how each instrument sounds. Advertising Listen to how your child completes each sentence with words in a box that describe a family vacation. Ask your child about her likes and dislikes when she fills each sentence with words from the word box. Your child learns about life on the farm as she uses words from the word box to complete each sentence. Advertising Advertising Help your child get excited about how to go to school as he fills in the gaps using words from the word box. Credit: Tracy Smith Teach your child about opposites as he works to fill in the gaps of each sentence. Then ask him to give you other examples of objects that are opposite. Fill each sentence with words from the word field. When your child completes the worksheet, ask her about her favorite activities to do in the park. Advertising Help your child fill in each sentence using words from the word box. Also, she would love to tell you what she likes and doesn't like. Download the entire filling of an empty workbook for hours of educational games. Copyright © 2010 Meredith Corporation. Simon McGill/Moment Mobile/Getty Images Based on information provided by Maps of the World, Australia's latitude and longitude is 27 degrees 00's and 133 degrees 00 E. Located at these coordinates, Australia is one of the smallest continents in the world. The continent's climate and specific location are often based on its latitude and longitude. In Australia, the southern and eastern parts of the continent tend to be moderate, with the summer and winter season. However, the northern part of Australia is experiencing extreme temperature changes in summer and winter. Australia is an admid climatic country that experiences very moderate precipitation. Tropical rainforests are at various longitudes and 3.000 miles of streak between latitudes 23.5 degrees north and 23.5 degrees south. The 23.5-degree line to the north is known as Tropic of Cancer, while 23.5 degrees south is called capricorn Tropic; the area between these lines tends to experience a consistent tropical climate due to the sun's location high in The largest rainforests are in South America, west Africa and southeast Asia. Tropical rainforests are only 7 percent of the earth's surface. They are classified by their year-round warm temperatures and high rainfall. Tropical rainforests have only two main seasons: dry season and wet season. The average temperature in the rainforest is 64 degrees Fahrenheit, and the area gets about 100 inches of rain each year. This climate encourages a region with a complex structure and a diverse number of species. The largest rainforests are the Amazon River Basin, located in northern South America, and the Congo River Basin, located on the west coast of central Africa. These rainforests can be found along the equator at 0 degrees latitude. Smaller rainforests are located in Madagascar, Central America, Australia and the Pacific Islands. Geography skills are important for a global citizen. Physical, human and ecological geography are no longer just topics of school learning, they are relevant in many aspects of life and can benefit anyone who wishes to know their place on Earth and the impact they have on it. Skills in this field translate into everyday programs, careers, social life and communication in general in today's fast-growing society. Whether you're following world events by religiously watching the news and want to quickly find a lesser-known region or you just want to keep your brain sharp by learning something new, geography is a useful subject to explore. You will find that you are more able to have meaningful conversations about a wide range of topics and current events when you can recognize and place many countries outside of your own. However, you decide to study and use geography in your life, start working with these blank cards. The following maps are a great place to start your exploration of world countries and continents. You will find each inhabited country and continent on at least one of these maps. Many of them include the borders of states, provinces and territories, as well as which you can use to understand the impact of geographical and geopolitical factors around the world even better. Browse them directly on your computer or download and print, practice any way that works best for you. Start by exploring the countries, states and territories on the maps. Once you have these great regions down, see if you can accommodate geographical features such as mountain ranges, rivers, lakes and oceans. University of Texas Libraries, University of Texas at Austin. The United States is considered a world superpower or one of the most influential countries in the world. The official government was founded in 1776 by settlers, emigrating from England. The United States is a country of immigrants once Native Americans truly indigenous people of the United States, and this contributes to its extremely diverse population. This country is often referred to as the

melting pot for this reason. Border countries: Canada to the north, Mexico to the southContinent: North AmericaPremier language: English- Pacific ocean to the west, Atlantic Ocean to the east, and Gulf of Mexico southCapital: Washington, D.C.States: 50 states, not including D.C. and 14 territoriesA large geographical features: Great Lakes, Appalachian Mountains, Rocky Mountains, Mississippi River, Great Plains and Great BasinHever point: Denali (also called Mount McKinley) at 20,335ft (6,198m)Lowest point: Death Valley at -282ft (-86m) Golbes/Commons/CC SA 3.0 Like the US, Canada was originally populated as a colony by both French and British governments It became an official country in 1867 and is the second largest country in the world by land area (Russia is the first). Border countries: U.S. in the southCountry nearby: Russia in the west, Greenland eastContinent: North AmericaPremier language(s): Officially bilingual (English and French), although most of the population speaks only English— French speak primarily eastern areas Of The Pacific: Pacific to the west, Atlantic Ocean to the east, and arctic ocean northCapital: Ottawa, CanadaProvis: 10 provinces and three territoriesMajor geographical features: Rocky Mountains, Lauren Mountains, Canadian Shield, Shield, Shield, Arctic, St Lawrence River, Mackenzie River, Hudson Bay and Great LakesHever point: Mount Logan at 19,545ft (5,957m)Lowest point: Atlantic Ocean 0ft (0m) Keepcases/Commons/CC SA 3.0 Mexico is north America's southernmost country and largest country Its official name is Estados Unidos Mexicanos and this nation declared independence from Spain in 1810. Border countries: U.S. in the north, Guatemala and Belize southContinent: North AmericaPremier language: SpanisHoceans: Pacific ocean to the west and Gulf of Mexico eastCapital: Mexico City, Mexico States: 31 states and Mexico City (federal area)Main geographical features: Sierra Madre, Central Plateau, Baja Peninsula, Yukatan Peninsula, California Bay, Rio Grande, Lake Chapala and Lake CuyceoVysoca Point: The Pico de Orizaba volcano at 18,700ft (5,700m)The lowest point: Salada Lagoon at 10ft (10m) Mapping Research Laboratory of the University of Alabama Central America is an isthmage that bridges north and south America, but technically part of North America This small region, which is just 30 miles from ocean to ocean at its most adjoining point in Daray Iain, Panama, is made up of seven countries. Seven Central American countries and their From north to south there are: BelmopanGuatemala: GuatemalaHonduras: TegucigalpaEl Salvador: San SalvadorNicaragua: ManaguaCosta River: San JosePanama: Panama City Many islands scattered across the Caribbean, which are also considered part of North America. The largest of them is Cuba, followed by Hispaniola, where Haiti and the Dominican Republic will pass. The Caribbean islands are divided into two groups: the Bahamas and the Great and Small Antilles. Within the Lesser Antilles are windy islands. This region has many popular tourist destinations such as the Bahamas, Jamaica, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. Stannered / Commons / CC SA 3.0 South America is the fourth largest continent in the world and home to most Latin American countries. Here you will find the Amazon River and rainforest, as well as the Mountains of Eida. The common misconcem is that Mexico is part of South America, but it is not (Mexico is part of the continent of North America). This continent has a diverse landscape including high mountains, scorching deserts and lush forests. Bolivia's La Paz is the tallest capital in the world. There are 12 South American countries and two territories. Oceans: Pacific Ocean to the west and the Atlantic Ocean to the eastA large geographical features: Andes Mountains, Ángel Falls (Venezuela), Amazon River, Amazon rainforest, Atacama Desert and Lake Titicaca (Peru and Bolivia)Highest point: Aconcagua at 22,841 feet (6,962 meters)Lowest point: Laguna del Carbone at an altitude of about -- 104 feet (-105 meters) 12 countries of South America and their capital: Argentina: Buenos AiresBolivia: La PazBrazil: BrasiliaChile: SantiagoColombia: BogotaECuador: QuitoGuyana: GeorgetownParagua: AsuncionPeru: LimaSuriam: ParamariboUruga: MontevideoVeneshuela: Caracas Two territories in South America: Folk The Land Islands (Islas Malvinas): StanleyFrance Guiana: Cayenne B.B / Commons / CC SA 3.0 Europe is one of the smallest continents in the world, designated only by Australia. This land mass is usually divided into four areas: eastern, western, northern and southern. There are more than 40 countries operating in Europe. Since there is no division between Europe and Asia, several countries share two continents. These, called transcontinental countries, include Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey. Oceans: Atlantic Ocean to the west and Arctic Ocean in the north: Norweigan Sea, North Sea, Celtic Sea, Baltic Sea, Black Sea, Caspian Sea, Geographical features of the Mediterranean Sea, Adriatic Sea, Aegean Sea, Tyrrhenian Sea and Balearic Sea: English Channel, Alps, Ural Mountains and Danube RiverHive points: Mount Elbrus in Russia at an altitude of 18,510 m (5,642 m) and Mont Blanc on the border of France and Italy at an altitude of 15,781 feet (4,810 m) The Caspian Sea in Russia at an altitude of -22ft (-22m) and Lemmejord in Denmark at -23ft (-7m) Aight 2009/ Commons/CC SA 3.0 Uk is made up of dependent countries in the UK and Northern Ireland. The UK includes England, Scotland and Wales. Britain is an island nation in the far western part of Europe and has long been the dominant country in world affairs. Before the Anglo-Irish Treaty of 1921, the whole of Ireland (shaded in grey) was merged with the United Kingdom. Today, the island of Ireland is divided into a much larger Republic of Ireland and a smaller Northern Ireland, with only Northern Ireland considered part of the United Kingdom. Official name: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern IrelandCountry nearby: Ireland, France, Belgium and the NetherlandsContinent: EuropePrevital language: English eyes: Atlantic Ocean to the west, North Sea to the east, English Channel and Celtic Sea to the south: London, EnglandMajor geographical features: River Thames, River Servern, River Tyne, and Loch NessHion point: Ben Nevis in Scotland at 1,406ft (1,343m)Lowest point: Fens in England at -13ft (-4m) Eric Gaba (Sting)/Commons/CC BY 3.0 France, located in Western Europe, has many known attractions such as the Eiffel Tower and has long been considered the cultural center of the world. As one of the largest and most populated countries in Europe, it deserves its own map. Border countries: Spain and Adorra to the south; Belgium, Luxembourg and Germany to the northeast; Switzerland and Italy to the eastContinent: EuropePrevital language: French waters: The Bay of Biscay to the west, the English Channel also to the west, and the Mediterranean to the southCapital: Paris, FranceRegions: 13 direct (abbreviated from 22 in 2015) and four overseas geographical features: river Rhine and Pyrenean MountainsHour point: Mont Blanc by 15.7 71ft (48,07m)Lowest point: Rhône River Delta at -2.5ft (-2m) Carnby/Commons/CC BY 3.0 Another cultural centre of the world, Italy was famous before it was even an independent country. It began as the Republic of Rome in 510 to our persevere and finally merged as the nation of Italy in 1815. Borders of countries: France in the west, Switzerland and Austria in the north, and Slovenia to the eastContinent: EuropePremises: Italian waters: Tyrrhenian Sea to the west, the Adriatic Sea to the west, and the Ionian and Mediterranean seas to the southCapital: Rome, ItalyProvinces: 20 regions, containing 110 provinces totalMajor geographical features: Po Valley, Dolomites, Sardinia, boot formHever point: Mont Blanc at 15,771ft (4,807m)Lowest point: Mediterranean sea at 0ft (0m) Andreas 06/Wikimedia Commons/CC BY 3.0 Second largest continent, Africa in terms of meteorology, biology and geography. Africa has everything from the roughest deserts in the world to the most lively tropical jungle. The mass region is home to more than 50 countries. Egypt is the only transcontinental country on this continent, with its land split between Africa and Asia. Oceans: Atlantic Ocean to the west and Indian Ocean to the east: Mediterranean Sea, Gulf of Guinea, Red Sea and geographical features of AdenMayor Bay: River Nile, African Savannah, Mount Kilimanjaro and the Sahara DesertHion Point: Mount Kilimanjaro in Tanzania at an altitude of 19,1441 feet (5,895 m)The lowest point: Lake Assal in Djibouti at an altitude of -512 feet (-156 m) Carlos/Wikimedia Commons/CC BY 3.0 Middle East as opposed to other continents and countries that are difficult to identify. This region is located where Asia, Africa and Europe meet and includes many Arab countries. The Middle East is used as a cultural, and a political term that often includes the following countries: EgyptPalestineLebanonSyriaJordanIraqIranAfghanistanPakistanSaudi ArabiaYemensraelOmanKuwaitQatarTurkeyLibyaBahrainUnited Arab Emirates Haha169/Wikimedia Commons/CC BY 3.0 Asia is the largest continent in the world by both population and area. It includes huge and heavily populated countries such as China, Russia, India and Japan, as well as all of Southeast Asia and much of the Middle East. Asia is also home to the islands of Indonesia and the Philippines. Oceans: Pacific Ocean to the east, Indian Ocean to the south, and Arctic Ocean to NorthSeas: Barents Sea, Kara Sea, Caspian Sea, Black Sea, Mediterranean Sea, Arabian Sea, Bay of Bengal, South China Sea, East China Sea, Sea of Japan, Sea of Okhotsk, East Siberian Sea, and geographical features of the Bering Sea: Caucasian Mountains, Indian subcontinent, Himalayas, Tian Shan Mountains, Ural Mountains, Dekkan Plateau, Tibetan Plateau, West Siberian Plain, Rub al-Khali Desert, Lake Baikal, Yangtze River, Tigris River and highest point of euphrates river: Mount Everest in China's Tibetan The 8,848m is the highest point in the worldUsing point: The Dead Sea at -1,369ft (-417.5m) Wlongqi/Commons/CC BY 3.0 China has been a world cultural leader for centuries and its origins date back more than 5,000 years. It is the third largest country in the world by land and the largest by population. Borders of countries: 14 countries in totalcontinent: AsiaPremises language: Mandarin Chinese waters: Tyrrhenian Sea to the west, Adriatic Sea to the west, and Ionian and Mediterranean seas southCapital: Beijing, ChinaProvis: 23 provinces, as well as five autonomous regions and four municipalitiesMajor geographical features: Plateau Qinghai-Tibet, Mount Ever Lee River, Qinghai Lake, Yellow River, Taishan Mountain and Huashan High Point: Mount Everest in Tibet at 8850 m Lowest Point: Turpan Pendhi at -154 m (-154 m) Yug/Wikimedia Commons/CC BY 3.0 Officially called the Republic of India, this great Asian country lies on the Indian subcontinent located in Indian India immediately lags behind China as the most populous nation in the world, but is expected to surpass it in a matter of years. Countries bordering: Bangladesh, Bhutan and Burma to the east; China and Nepal to the north; Pakistan at the westCounters nearby: Sri LankaContinent: AsiaPrimary language(s): Hindi and English waters: Arabian Sea, Lakad sea, Bay of Bengal and Indian OceanCapital: New Delhi, IndiaState: 28 states and seven allied territoriesA large geographical features: Himalayan Mountains, River Ind, Ganges River, Brahmaputra River and Indo-Gangetic PlainHive point: Kanchenjunga at 28,208ft (8,598m)Lowest point: Indian Ocean at 0ft (0m) Gellerick/Wikimedia Commons/CC BY 3.0 Nation in western Pacific, Philippines is made up of 7,107 islands In 1946, the country became fully independent and is now officially known as the Republic of the Philippines. Countries nearby: Taiwan and China in the north, Vietnam to the west, and Indonesia to the southContinent: Asian-Premier: Filipino and EnglishBeads with water: Pacific Ocean, South China Sea, Sulu Sea and Celeveresh SiKapital: Manila, PhilippinesProvis: 80 provincesMajor geographical features: Luzon Strait, three geographic regions (Luzon, Wisyas and Mindanao)Highest point: Mount Apo at 9,691ft (2,954m)Lowest point: The Philippine Sea is 0ft (0 metres) Holbes/Commons/CC BY 3.0 Australia, nicknamed Earth Down Under, is the smallest continent and largest island in the world. Settled by Englishmen with bizarre origins, Australia began claiming its independence in 1942 and sealed a deal with the 1986 Australian Act. Countries near Indonesia and Papua New Guinea in the north, New Zealand eastContinent: AustraliaPremier language: English waters: Indian Ocean, Timor Sea, Coral Sea, Tasman Sea, Great Australian Bugt, Pacific Ocean and Southern OceanCapital: Canberra, AustraliaStates: six states and two territoriesMajor geographical features: Great Barrier Reef, Uluru, Snowy Mountains, Mount McClintock, Menzies Mountain, Mount Kosciuszko, Murray River, Darling River, Great Victoria Desert and Great Sandy DesertHever point: Mount McClintock at 3490 m. Lowest point: Lake Eyre at altitude -Eyre 15ft (-15m) Antigonil/Commons/CC BY 3.3.00 Just 600 miles off the Australian coast, New Zealand is one of the largest island states in the South Pacific. This two different regions, called the Northern Island and the South Island. These islands are still fighting for independence. Countries nearby: Australia at westContinent: OceaniaPremiss language: English, maoriBodies with water: Tasman Sea and PacificCapital: Wellington, Regions of New Zealand: 16 regionsBig geographical features: Mount Ruape want, Mount Ngaurahoe, White Island, Tongariro National Park, Aoraki/Mount Cook, Canterbury Plains and Marlborough SoundsHever point: Aoraki/Mount Cook at 12,116ft (3,754m)Lowest point: Pacific Ocean at 0ft (0m)

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