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Subhash PalekarSubh Palekar Bourne (1949-02-02) February 2, 1949 (age 71)Maharashtra, IndiaNationalityIndianOccupationAgricultural scientist, farmer, authorKnown forPhilosophy, Natural AgricultureInetal Work'Holistic Spiritual Agriculture' Subhash Palekar is an Indian agronomist who has practiced and written many books about Subhash Palekar Natural Agriculture (SPNF) Former BNF (zero budget natural agriculture). Subhash Palekar was born in 1949 in the small village of Belora in the Vidarbha district of Maharashtra state in India, and has an agricultural education. He practiced zero-budget subsistence farming without using pesticides for cultivation. He has held many seminars throughout India. In 2016, he was awarded India's fourth highest civilian award by Padma Sri in education and the profession of Palekar received a bachelor's degree in agriculture from the College of Agriculture in Nagpur. While in college, he worked with tribal people in the Satpuda tribal region. In 1972, he joined the family farm with his father, a natural farmer. After learning about pesticides and artificial fertilizers in college, Palekar began to use them on his farm. Working in 1972-1990, he also wrote many articles in the media about agriculture, experimenting with new methods of farming. He was attracted to the philosophy (Indian ancient thinking) of the Veda, The Upanishads and all the ancient Grants. Its spiritual origins were inspired by Saint Dhyaneshwar, Saint Tukaram and Saint Kabir. In search of truth, he studied Gandhi and Karl Marx comparatively. Gandhi's philosophy of non-violence appealed to him more. Famous Indian personalities such as Gandhi, Shivaji, Jyotiba Fule, Vivekananda and Tagor have strengthened his belief in absolute natural truth and nonviolence (Satya and Ahimsa). In 1972-1985, while agriculture with the chemical resources of the Green Revolution, its agricultural production increased. But after this date, yields began to decline. After searching for the causes for three years he came to the conclusion agricultural science is inferior to natural farming methods. At the beginning of his college studies, he studied the way of life and social structure of tribal peoples, as well as forest ecosystems. He realized that the forest does not need human help for its existence and growth. In the forests grow fruit trees such as mango, Ber, Tamarind, Jamulm and Apple custard, which feed forest dwellers. So he began to study the natural growth of trees. For twenty years he studied forest vegetation and applied forest principles on his farm from 1989 to 1995 in 154 research projects. They provided the basis for a zero budget for natural agriculture, its unique approach to agriculture involving manure and agroecology. Training materials were farmers across India through continuous seminars, seminars and books in Marathi, Hindi, English, Cannada, Telugu and Tamil. Language. farm models exist all over India. Palekar was on the editorial team of Bali Raj, a well-known agricultural magazine in Marathi in Pune, Maharashtra, until 1998. He has written more than 20 Marathi books, four books in English and three Hindi books. All Marathi books must be translated into all Indian languages. His movement has attracted the attention of the media, politicians and thinkers. More than 30 million farmers across India practice zero budget natural agriculture, in some parts of Maharashtra, Karnataka, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Rajasthan, Gujarat and West Bengal. On June 14, 2017, Sri. Subhash Palekar was appointed and was appointed and directed by the State of Andhra Pradesh for zero-budget agriculture in order to promote natural agriculture. The role of an adviser is equivalent to that of a cabinet minister. The Government of Himachal Pradesh and the Karnataka State Government are also interested in using Palekar's methods. Palekar gave a speech to Prime Minister Narendra Modi on the zero budget for subsistence farming. Palekar received the fourth-largest civic award from the Indian government in 2016, making it the first active Indian farmer to do so. See. also natural farming Shripad Dabholkar Bhaskar Save Links - b GBNF farmers should be trained in English: Andhra CM Chandrababu Naidu. New Indian Express. Received 2019-06-09. a b July 15, Snehlata Srivastav tNN Updated; 2018; East, 10:36 a.m. The Center discusses the Subhash Palekar agricultural model for national use () Nagpur News - Times India . The Times of India. Received 2019-06-09.CS1 maint: number names: list of authors (link) - b नहीं चाहता कि मेरी पत्नी की तरह जहरीले खाद्य से कोई मरे : डॉ. सुभाष पालेकर. Dainik Jagran (in Hindi). Received 2019-06-09. - b Venkaiah Naidu congratulates the farmer on the victory of Padma Sri. 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Ahn; May 25, Both TNN Updated; 2019; East, 7:34 p.m. Himachal Pradesh: 50,000 farmers will be trained in Shimla's natural agriculture news - Times of India . The Times of India. Received 2019-06-09.CS1 maint: numerical names: list of authors (link) - Kurian, Nimi (2016-06-09). Go naturally. Hindu. ISSN 0971-751X. Received 2019-06-09. External Links Official website: Extracted from the of the SNF-subhash palekar zero budget natural agriculture Naisargik sheti Japan technologySubhash PAlekar's Subhash Palekar is an Indian agronomist who has practiced and written many books about Subhash Palekar natural agriculture previously PFN. Subhash Palekar was born in 1949 in the small village of Belora in the Vidarbha district of Maharashtra state in India, and has an agricultural education. Natural agriculture is an approach to ecological agriculture created by Masanobu Fukuoka, a Japanese farmer and philosopher, presented in his 1975 book One Straw Revolution. Fukuoka described his system working together with the natural biodiversity of each agricultural area, encouraging the complexity of living organisms, both plants and animals, that form each particular ecosystem to thrive along with food plants. Fukuoka saw agriculture as a means of food production, as a means of aesthetic or spiritual approach to life, the ultimate goal of which was the cultivation and perfection of man. He suggested that farmers could benefit from careful monitoring of local conditions. Natural agriculture is a closed system that does not require human resources and imitates nature. What is subsistence farming? Natural agriculture is an agricultural practice, imitating the image of nature. This can be interpreted in different ways, and sometimes people misinterpret the concept of natural farming because the word natural is used so casually in many places. Natural farming does nothing ... The basis of natural agriculture is to do nothing. When you don't do anything, it's nature at work. Doing nothing doesn't necessarily mean you don't work at all. It is to remove all human prejudices from agriculture and leave it to nature. It almost seems to be a zen meditation to be one with nature. Natural agriculture includes NO TILL, NO WEEDING, NO PESTICIDE, NO FERTILIZER. Natural agriculture is being developed in Japan primarily by Masanobu Fukuoka and Mokichi Okada.zero budget natural agriculture (BNF) is farming methods, as well as the grassroots peasant movement, which has spread to various states in India. It has achieved widespread success in southern India, especially in the southern Indian state of Karnataka, where it first developed. The movement in Karnataka was born out of cooperation between Mr. Palekar, who has assembled the practices of the BNF, and the Karnataka State Farmers Association, Rajya Wright Sangha (KRRS), a member of La Via Campesina (LVC). The neoliberal Indian economy has led to a deep agrarian crisis that makes small-scale agriculture an unsonic calling. Privatized seeds, materials and markets are inaccessible and expensive for farmers. Indian farmers are increasingly in a vicious debt cycle because of high production costs, high interest rates on credit, volatile market prices for crops, rising resource costs based on fossil fuels and private seeds. Debt is a problem for farmers of all sizes in India. In such circumstances, zero-budget agriculture promises to end credit dependence and drastically reduce production costs, ending the debt cycle for desperate farmers. The word budget refers to loans and expenses, thus the phrase zero budget means without using any loans, and without spending money on purchased inputs. Natural agriculture means agriculture with nature and without chemicals. The zero-budget subsistence farming industry (BSF) is a set of farming methods, as well as a grassroots peasant movement that has spread to various states of India. It has achieved widespread success in southern India, especially in the southern Indian state of Karnataka, where it first developed. The movement in Karnataka was born out of a collaboration between Mr. Subhas Palekar, who assembled the practice of the BNF, and the Karnataka State Farmers' Association, Rajya Raita Sangha (KRRS), a member of La Via Campesina (LVC). (LVC). subhash palekar books pdf. subhash palekar books in telugu. subhash palekar books in kannada. subhash palekar books in hindi. subhash palekar books in marathi. subhash palekar books pdf free download. subhash palekar books in telugu pdf. subhash palekar books in english

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