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, edited by J Stenzel, Der Keller am Appell 1. download. piotr jaroszewicz przerywam milczenie. Przerywam Milczenie Piotr Jaroszewicz Pdf 45. Download. pdf. In vivo evaluation of the pharmacokinetics and tissue distribution of difluorinated- and monofluorinated polyamine analogs in the rat. This study investigates the in vivo pharmacokinetics and tissue distribution of novel polyamine analogs with fluorinated substituents (O-10 and O-11) as opposed to hydrogen at the O-10 and O-11 positions of the side chains of spermine and spermidine. Samples were analyzed using gas chromatography-mass spectrometry. All analogs have higher apparent volumes of distribution and longer terminal half-lives than native polyamines. The highest concentrations of the analogs were found in the lung and gastrointestinal tract tissues, and those concentrations increased over time in each tissue. The study shows that, as hypothesized, these analogs had decreased clearance and more sustained concentrations in tissue compared to native polyamines. In addition, the reduced clearance and increased tissue concentrations of these analogs suggest a slower turnover of the analogs compared to native polyamines and thus may offer an additional advantage for some therapeutic applications. Suicide or homicide? Weapon as cause of death in homicides and suicides. Over the last decades, a considerable research effort has been directed towards establishing links between particular methods of suicide and patterns of suicide. We have studied the use of weapon in homicides and suicides among women (N = 11,972) in Norway between 1980 and 2001. The main findings in this population-based study are that the use of sharp weapons, self-inflicted weapon injuries, and wounds inflicted with repeated sharp instruments are related to suicide. No such connection has been found for gunshot injuries. In suicidal cases with sharp weapons, women show higher risk of homicide than men. The finding that weapon was the most common instrument used in this study coincides with the results of a study on suicide methods among women in the United States. [Methodologic aspects of diagnosing malaria]. On the basis of the analysis of the results of the studies in the basic disease (8 clinical observations, 19 parasitological investigations) it was shown that the most informative and reliable method for diagnosing malaria is the parasitological investigation in the thick blood smears. The application of

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