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## When did mark twain wrote the damned human race

APA Citation (style guide)Twain, M. (1962). Mark Twain on the damn human race. New York: Hill and Wang.Chicago / Turabian - Author Date Citation (style guide)Twain, Mark, 1835-1910. 1962. Mark Twain On the Damned Human Race.. New York: Hill and Wang.Chicago / Turabian - Humanities Citation (style guide)Twain, Mark, 1835-1910, Mark Twain On the Damned Human Race.. New York: Hill and Wang, 1962. MLA Citation (style guide)Twain, Mark. Mark Twain at the Damned Human Race. New York: Hill and Wang, 1962. Print.Note! Citation formats are based on standards as of July 2010. Quotes contain title, author, publication, publisher and year published only. Quotations should be used as a guideline and double-checked for accuracy. The document here moved Mark Twain's The Damned Human Race In his essay by The Damned Human Race, author Mark Twain powerfully declares that the human race is both flawed and corrupt, and that humans should actually be classified as 'lower animals' rather than the previously known 'higher animals.' Twain does not claim a Darwinian or creative point of view, but draws conclusions from his own observations in experiments conducted. He states that 'man is the cruel animal', and that we can attribute this to his moral character. However, there seems to be another side that contradicts his findings. Perhaps man is indeed the 'tallest animal', but he possesses something other animals do not have. Twain claims his observations are based on experiments conducted in the London Zoological Gardens. With these investigations, he went on to state that humans showed a variety of shortcomings not seen in other animals. His first point was that humans were cruel, while other animals were not. This was supported by the story of the hunter killing seventy-two buffaloes, and eating only part of one. He contradicted this by experimenting with anacondas and calves. The anaconda only killed what he needed, unlike the Count. This seemed to suggest to Twain that the man descended from the anaconda, and not the other way around. Maybe the Count doesn't respect the buffalo, which is true. But does it mean that all people always kill to be cruel and wasteful? Or some animals may exhibit sig... And so I notice that we have descended and degenerated, from some distant ancestor, insect to insect, animal by animal... among us, nothing (Twain, 4). In Mark Twain's, The Damned Human Race's goal is to change readers' minds from the Darwinian theory that man has ascended from lower animals to his own theory that man is in fact a descendant of higher animals. Although his argument is successful on some levels, it is weak on others. The diction he uses is informal, uses stereotypes and broad generalizations and he loses his credibility when his experiments are realized to be metaphors. Although this essay makes reader thinking, there are a number of fallacies that make it questionable. In Mark Twain's The Damned Human Race, his argument for man's descent from a higher animal is successful, despite his use of satire diction, sweeping generalization and his loss of ethos with the public. In The Damned Human Race, the reader is immediately drawn by the satire diction of which Mark Twain uses, although this is good in some cases, in others, it creates a doubt in the reader's mind about the science behind these experiments that Twain claims to have conducted. The use of satire is colored with irony and sarcasm, although this leads to an interesting read it does not necessarily lead to a strong scientific essay. With that said most satire essays have a bias tone and The Damned Human Race in no exception. Twain uses emotion and strong assertions in Mark Twain is a very famous writer in American literature, he has written some very influential pieces, some of which include, The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn, The Adventures of Tom Sawyer, Life on the Mississippi River and The Prince and the Pauper. Twain's real name is Samuel Langhorne Clemens, but he wrote as Mark Twain. Growing up near the Mississippi River had a lot of influence on Twain's writings. Twain's first writing career began at a local newspaper in California. At 60-... A series of letters, essays, and tirades from his autobiography about the Boer War, Congo's King Leopold's bloody rule, the Spanish-American War, the Philippine uprising, slavery in various forms, the British Empire, Russia, England, lynching, and boxer rebellion in China.Also he discusses the causes of indifference, racism, conformity, and moral cowardice. Twain, however, admits to sharing many of the weaknesses of the human race. Most of these events are not widely known, at least a series of letters, essays and tirades from his autobiography about the Boer War, King Leopold's bloody rule of Congo, the Spanish-American War, the Philippine uprising, slavery in various forms, the British Empire, Russia, England, lynching, and the Boxer Rebellion in China.He also discusses the causes of indifference, racism, conformity, and moral cowardice. Twain, however, admits to sharing many of the weaknesses of the human race. Most of these events are not widely known, at least to the Americans, but the introductions explain these events well. Mark Twain in top form, raising Cain about injustice in all its forms, and much of it never before published in book form, if at all. ... More Critical Evaluation Essay Humanity has achieved many life improve things through its history. His continued evolution helped him develop vaccines to fight viruses and deadly diseases such as polio, tuberculosis among many other things. Humanity had even managed to send man to another planet that is one of his greatest scientific achievements, but according to Mark Twain, the author of The Damned Human Race essay, Man is the Cruel Animal. He is alone in that distinction (Twain, M.). He based his ideas on the cruelty of humanity on his experimental research. He effectively uses pathos and emblems appeal to convince his readers of the cruelty of humanity, use their emotions and crochet their interests in his argument that humanity's moral sense is worthless to him (Twain, M.). Mr. Twain effectively used the pathos and logos to convince his readers the cruelty of humanity was successful because his ideas were based on experimental study that he conducted himself. This gives credibility to his argument. He explains the cruelty of humanity to his readers using the satirical writing style. One of his supported examples of this style was when he published an article about three monks who were burned to death and another monk had previously dealt with the same heinous cruelty and he said we didn't even inquire about the details because if we did, we would have realized that the monk prior was force to incredible mutilations (Twain , M.) M.)