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Research Question 1.Gatsby stands outside Daisy's house and waits to see if she needs him? subscribe now 2. Why is Gatsby's house modest? According to a story he tells Nick, where did Gatsby meet Daisy? Does Fitzgerald make sense to express Daisy's pouch as star shine extravagant and bright? 6. Why didn't Gatsby return to Daisy immediately after the war?7. Where was Daisy when Gatsby returned to Louisville?8. Why is the driver trying to drain the pool and why does Gatsby ask him to wait?10. After knowing who owns the yellow dead car, what does Wilson do .m? Nick is confident the car will make it to Gatsby, risking Gatsby's life. 5. The brightness of her explanation arises from someone's materialism. He was sent to study at Oxford University. She went on a wedding trip with Tom. 8. As autumn approaches, the leaves fall and the pipes are clogged. 9. He plans to take his first swim of the season in it. 10. Wilson kills Gatsby and turns the gun himself. That night, Nick realized that he couldn't sleep because the terrible events of the day didn't make him much calmer. Plagued by anxiety, head to Gatsby's mansion before dawn. He advises Gatsby to leave Long Island until the scandal of Myrtle's death subsides. Gatsby refuses because he can't be bothered to leave Daisy: he tells Nick that he spent all night in front of Buchanan's mansion to ensure Daisy was safe. He tells Nick that Tom didn't try to harm her and daisy stood on her lawn in full moonlight but didn't come out to see him. In his misery, Gatsby tells Nick the story of his first encounter with Daisy. He does so, even though it patently gives lies to his previous accounts of his past. Gatsby and Daisy first met in Louisville in 1917. Gatsby was instantly fascinated by her wealth, her beauty and her youthful innocence. Aware that Daisy would spur him if she knew of his poverty, Gatsby was determined to lie to her about his past and his situation. Before leaving for war, Daisy promised to wait for him. The two then slept together, as if sealing their pact. Of course, Daisy wasn't waiting. She married Tom, her social equality and her parents' choice. Recognizing that it has grown late, Nick says goodbye to Gatsby. As he walkes away, he turns back and Gatsby shouts, Worth a whole bunch [of Buchanan and his eastern egg friends]. The scene has moved from West Egg to the Valley of ashes, with George Wilson seeking refuge with Michalelis. From the latter what Nick will learn laterin the aftermath of Myrtle's death. George Wilson tells Mikahais that he stood up to evidence of her affair with Myrtle and told her that she could hide her sins from her husband but that she could not hide it from God's eyes. As the sun rises over the Valley of Ashes, Wilson is suddenly transcribed by Dr. T.J. Ecklburg's eyes. He mistakes it for God's eye. Wilson assumes that the driver of the deadly car is Myrtle's lover and decides to punish this man for his crimes. He searches for Tom Buchanan in the hope that tom will know the identity of the driver. Tom tells him gatsby was the driver. Wilson will drive to Gatsby's mansion. There, he finds Gatsby floating in the pool, staring into the sky. Wilson shoots Gatsby and turns the gun himself. It is Nick who finds Gatsby's body. He reflects that Gatsby became completely disillusioned and lost his lover and his dreams one after the other. AnalysisNick gives a final assessment of Gatsby's novel when he claims it is worth their whole bunch. Despite the ambivance he feels for Gatsby's criminal record and the rich influence of nouveau, Nick can't help but admire him for his essential aristocracy. Although he disapproved of Gatsby from start to finish. Nick can still recognize him as a man who can have forethoughts, grand passions and great dreams. He represents an ideal that grew very rarely in the 1920s, which Nick (with Fitzgerald) regards as a time of irony, decadence and cruelty. Nick reflects on Gatsby's life, suggesting that Gatsby's big mistake was that he loved Daisy. He chose inferior objects that concentrated his almost mystical abilities to dream. Just as the American Dream itself degenerated into the pursuit of material wealth, Gatsby also strived for wealth after he fell in love with Daisy. It is important that Gatsby is not being killed because of his criminal connections, but because of his unwavering devotion to Daisy. As Nick writes, Gatsby thus pays a high price for living too long in a single dream. Until the moment of his death, Gatsby can't accept that his dream is over: he continues to insist that Daisy may still come to him, alever obvious to everyone, including readers, that she is tied to Tom. Gatsby's death seems almost inevitable, given that dreams without dreams cannot exist. Through Daisy's betrayal, he virtually loses reason to live. Wilson appears to be Gatsby's grim double in Chapter 8, representing a more frightening aspect of his ability to dream with fore-seeing. Like Gatsby, he changes the course of his life by attaching symbolic significance to something that is inherently meaningless. For Gatsby, it's Daisy and herLight, for Wilson, it is the eyes of Dr. T.J. Eccleburg. They are both destroyed by the love of a woman who loves the brutal Tom Buchanan. Both are consumed craving something bigger than themselves. While Gatsby is a successful American dreamer (at least as long as he is realizing his dream of wealth), Wilson likens the fate of a failed dreamer who poverty has robbed him of even the capacity for hope. Gatsby's death occurs on the first day of autumn, when the cold begins to creep into the air. His decision to use his pool is contrary to the changing seasons and represents yet another example of Gatsby's reluctance to accept the passage of time. Summer is the equivalent of a reunion with Daisy for him. The end of summer marks the end of their romance. After the traumatic events of the day, Nick passes sleepless nights. Before dawn, he stands up calmly and goes to visit Gatsby at his mansion. Gatsby says he waited until 4 a.m. for Daisy and nothing happened —Tom didn't try to hurt her and Daisy didn't go outside. Nick suggests gatsby forget about Daisy and leave Long Island, but Gatsby refuses to consider leaving Daisy behind. A melancholy Gatsby speaks to Nick about courting Daisy in Louisville in 1917. He says he loved her for her youth and vitality and idolized her social status. wealth and popularity. He added that she was the first girl he ever felt close to and that he lied about his background to make her believe she deserved to. Eventually, he continued, and he and Daisy made love and felt as if they had married her. She promised to wait for him when he left because of the war, but then she married Tom, who had a solid social status and had the approval of her parents. Gatsby's gardener interrupts the story to tell Gatsby that he plans to drain the pool. The day before was the hottest of the summers, but autumn is in the air this morning. and gardeners are worried that fallen leaves will cede the pool drains. Gatsby tells the gardener to wait a day. He has never used the pool and says he wants to go swimming. Nick has been talking to Gatsby for a long time, so he's very late for work. He finally says goodbye to Gatsby. As he walkes away, he pulls back and shouts that Gatsby is worth more than Buchanan and all his friends. Nick go to the office, but he feels too distracted at work and refuses to even meet Jordan Baker for a date. The focus of his story shifts to relevant to the reader, what happened in the garage after Myrtle was killed (details Nick learns from Michaelis): George Wilson stays up all night talking to Mikalis about Myrtle. Before Myrtle died, he confronted her about her lover and tells her that she cannot hide her sins from the eyes of God, he tells him. the next morningDr. T.J. Eccleburg's eyes, illuminated at dawn, overwhelm Wilson. He believes they are god's eyes and leaps to the conclusion that whoever was driving the car that killed Myrtle must have been her lover. He decides that God will demand revenge and leave to track down the owner of the car. Knowing that Tom is familiar with the car owner, Tom has seen Tom familiar with the car owner, but knows that Tom has not been able to be a driver since he arrived after the accident with Nick and Jordan. Wilson eventually went to Gatsby's house and finds Gatsby lying on an air mattress in the pool, floating in the water and looking up at the sky. Wilson shoots Gatsby, instantly kills him, and then shoots himself. Nick returns to the West Egg and finds Gatsby's re-count of Daisy's first courting offers Nick the chance to analyze Gatsby's love for her. Nick identifys Daisy's aura of wealth and daisy. Now it becomes clear that the two are entangled in Gatsby's mind. Nick implicitly suggests that by making the shallow and whimsical Daisy the focus of his life, Gatsby reveals his extraordinary power of foremissive hope in the simple task of accumulating wealth. Gatsby's dream is reduced to motivation for material benefits, because the purpose of his dream is not worthy of the power of dreams, the quality that make him wonderful in the first place. In this way, Gatsby continues to function as an American icon in the 1920s, and as Fitzgerald shows through his exploration of the novel's wealth, it has become vulgar and empty as a result of exposing its vast vitality to the pursuit of greedy money. Just as the American dream of happiness degenerated in search of mere wealth, Gatsby's powerful dream of happiness with Daisy is motivated by extravagant excesses and criminal activity. Activities.

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