

## Instructions for Testing

### Important Note:

PetCanSeek® should be used as a screening tool, not a test for diagnosis and/or for predicting future cancer risk. The "low cancer risk" results don't guarantee your pet will never get cancer.

### Which dogs should take this test?

The PetCanSeek® test is indicated for:

- Senior Dogs: Routine wellness screening for all asymptomatic dogs aged 7 years and older.
- High-Risk Breeds: Early screening for cancer-prone breeds (e.g., Labrador Retrievers, Golden Retrievers, French Bulldogs) can begin as young as 4 years of age.

### Understanding the test results:

- High cancer Risk: The test detected possible cancer signals, but **it does not imply a cancer diagnosis**. The result must be confirmed by veterinarian following clinical standardized diagnostic procedures. Diagnostic decisions are the responsibility of the veterinarian.
- Medium Cancer Risk: The test found weak abnormal signals, which cannot be directly identified as a tumor signal. It is recommended to re-do PetCanSeek® one month later to confirm it.
- Low Cancer Risk: No cancer signal was detected, which cannot exclude the possibility that cancer is present or will occur in the future. If necessary, the dogs with "Low Cancer Risk" is advised to follow standard procedures for cancer detection.

### Important reminders:

- Blood sample collection, transportation, storage, and non-standard processing may impact the performance of PetCanSeek®.
- False-positive possible: A "High Cancer Risk" result may occur even if no cancer is found later. This could mean:
  - The cancer is very small or hard to detect.
  - The test result is a false-positive (a cancer signal detected when cancer is not present).
- Never rely on this test alone. The result must be confirmed by veterinarian following clinical standardized procedures.

### Questions?

Contact veterinarian or our support team: [info@seekincancer.com](mailto:info@seekincancer.com)